



## **Human CCL2 / MCP1 ELISA Kit**

Human CCL2 / MCP1 ELISA Kit is an Enzyme Immunoassay kit for the quantification of Human CCL2 / MCP1 in serum, plasma and cell culture supernatants.

Catalog number: ARG83336

Package: 96 wells

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For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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### INTRODUCTION

This gene is one of several cytokine genes clustered on the q-arm of chromosome 17. Chemokines are a superfamily of secreted proteins involved in immunoregulatory and inflammatory processes. The superfamily is divided into four subfamilies based on the arrangement of N-terminal cysteine residues of the mature peptide. This chemokine is a member of the CC subfamily which is characterized by two adjacent cysteine residues. This cytokine displays chemotactic activity for monocytes and basophils but not for neutrophils or eosinophils. It has been implicated in the pathogenesis of diseases characterized by monocytic infiltrates, like psoriasis, rheumatoid arthritis and atherosclerosis. It binds to chemokine receptors CCR2 and CCR4. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2013]

### PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This assay employs the quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. An antibody specific for Human CCL2 / MCP1 has been pre-coated onto a microtiter plate. Standards or samples are pipetted into the wells and any CCL2 / MCP1 present is bound by the immobilized antibody. After washing away any unbound substances, a Horseradish Peroxidase (HRP)-conjugated antibody specific for Human CCL2 / MCP1 is added to each well and incubate. Following a washing to remove unbound substances, a substrate solution (TMB) is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of Human CCL2 / MCP1 bound in the initial step. The color development is stopped by the addition of acid and the intensity of the color is measured at a wavelength of 450nm. The concentration of Human CCL2 / MCP1 in the sample is then determined by comparing the O.D of samples to the standard curve.

**MATERIALS PROVIDED & STORAGE INFORMATION**

Upon received, store 100X HRP-conjugated Antibody at  $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Store other component at  $2-8^{\circ}\text{C}$  at all times. Use the kit before expiration date.

Component	Quantity	Storage information
Antibody Coated Microplate	8 X 12 strips	4°C
Standard	3 vial (lyophilized)	4°C
100X Antibody Conjugate	120 $\mu\text{L}$	$\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$
1000X HRP-Streptavidin solution	15 $\mu\text{L}$	4°C
Standard / Sample Diluent Buffer	20 mL	4°C
Antibody Diluent Buffer	35 mL	4°C
10X Wash Buffer	50 mL	4°C
TMB substrate	12 mL (ready to use)	4°C (protect from light)
STOP solution	12 mL (ready to use)	4°C
Plate sealer	4 adhesive strips	RT

**MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED**

- Microplate reader capable of reading at O.D. 450 nm
- Centrifuge and centrifuge tube
- Deionized or Distilled water
- Pipettes, pipette tips and Multichannel micropipette reservoir
- Automated microplate washer (optional)

**TECHNICAL NOTES AND PRECAUTIONS**

- Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye, and face protection especially while handling blood or body fluid samples.
- Upon received, store 100X Antibody Conjugate Mixture at  $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Store other component at  $2-8^{\circ}\text{C}$  at all times.
- Prior to beginning the assay procedure, bring all reagents and required number of strips to room temperature.
- Briefly spin down the all vials before use.
- If crystals are observed in the 10X Wash Buffer, warm to  $37^{\circ}\text{C}$  until the crystals are completely dissolved.
- Minimize lag time between wash steps to ensure the plate does not become completely dry during the assay.
- Ensure complete reconstitution and dilution of reagents prior to use.
- Take care not to contaminate the TMB Substrate. Do not expose the TMB solution to glass, foil or metal. Do NOT return leftover TMB Substrate to bottle. Do NOT contaminate the unused TMB Substrate. If the solution is blue before use, DO NOT USE IT.
- Change pipette tips between the addition of different reagent or samples.
- Taping the well strips together with lab tape can be done as an extra precaution to avoid plate strips from coming loose during the procedure.
- Include a standard curve each time the assay is performed.
- Run both standards and samples in at least duplicates (triplicate is recommended).

## **SAMPLE COLLECTION & STORAGE INFORMATION**

The sample collection and storage conditions listed below are intended as general guidelines. Sample stability has not been evaluated.

**Cell Culture Supernatants** - Remove particulates by centrifugation for 10 min at 1500 x g at 4°C and aliquot & store samples at -20°C up to 1 month or -80°C up to 6 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

**Serum** - Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 30 minutes before centrifugation for 15 minutes at 1000 x g. Collect serum and assay immediately or aliquot & store samples at -20°C up to 1 month or -80°C up to 6 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

**Plasma** - Collect plasma using EDTA or heparin as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000 x g. within 30 minutes of collection. Collect the supernatants and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C up to 1 month or -80°C up to 6 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

### **Note:**

- Do not use haemolytic, icteric or lipaemic specimens.
- Samples containing sodium azide should not be used in the assay.

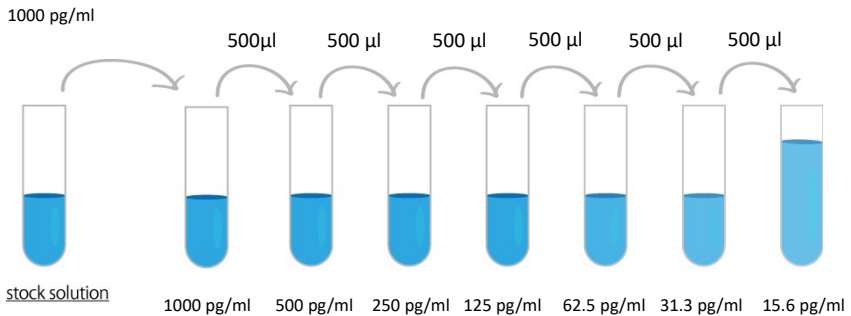
## **REAGENT PREPARATION**

- **1X Wash Buffer:** Dilute **10X** Wash Buffer into distilled water to yield 1X Wash Buffer. The 1X Wash Buffer is stable for up to 4 weeks at 2-8°C. Mix well before use.
- **1X Antibody Conjugate Solution:** It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use and use it within 20 min after preparation. Dilute **100X Antibody Conjugate Solution:** into Antibody Diluent Buffer to yield **1X Antibody Conjugate Solution**.
- **1X HRP-Streptavidin Solution:** It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use and use it within 20 min after preparation. Dilute **1000X HRP-Streptavidin concentrate solution** into Antibody Diluent Buffer to yield **1X HRP-Streptavidin Solution buffer**.
- **Sample:** Before assay, serum and plasma are recommended to dilute with equal volume of Standard / Sample Diluent Buffer.
- **Standard:** The un-reconstituted standard can be stored at 4°C for up to 3 months if not used immediately. Centrifuge at 6000 x g for 1 minute to bring down the material prior to open the vial. Add **1000 µL** of **Standard / Sample Diluent Buffer** to a Standard vial to make the high standard concentration of **1000 pg/mL** and brief vortex for few seconds (Do not induce foaming) and allow it to sit for 15 minutes. Make sure the standard is dissolved completely before making serial dilutions. The Standard / Sample Diluent Buffer serves as zero standard (0 ng/ml), and the rest of the standard serial dilution can be diluted with Diluent Buffer. Diluted the standard as below.

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Standard tube	CCL2 / MCP1 concentration (pg/mL)	µl of Standard / Sample Diluent Buffer	µl of standard
S1	1000	0	1000 (1000 pg/ml stock)
S2	500	500	500 of S1
S3	250	500	500 of S2
S4	125	500	500 of S3
S5	62.5	500	500 of S4
S6	31.25	500	500 of S5
S7	15.625	500	500 of S6
S0	0	500	0

**Note:** Working standard should be prepared immediately prior to use.





## **ASSAY PROCEDURE**

All materials should be equilibrated to room temperature (RT, 20-25°C) before use. Standards and samples should be assayed in duplicates.

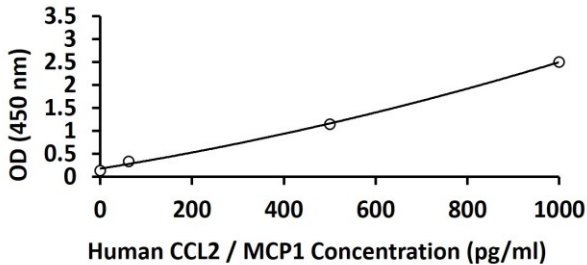
1. Add **100 µL** of **diluted samples** or **each diluted Standard** into respective wells of the 96-well plate.
2. Cover the plate and incubate for **2 hour** at **room temperature**.
3. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process 4 time for a total 5 washes. Wash by filling each well with **1X Wash Buffer (300 µL)** using a squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating, decanting or blotting against clean paper towels.
4. Add **100 µL** of **1X Antibody Conjugate** to each well.
5. Cover the plate and incubate for **1 hour** at **room temperature**.
6. Aspirate each well and wash plate as step 3.
7. Add **100 µL** of **1X HRP-Streptavidin Solution** to each well.
8. Cover the plate and incubate for **1 hour** at **room temperature** in the dark.
9. Aspirate each well and wash plate as step 3.
10. Add **100 µL** of **TMB Substrate** in each well.
11. Incubate for **10-20 mins** at **room temperature** in the dark.
12. Add **100 µL** of **Stop Solution** to each well to stop the reaction.
13. Read the absorbance with a plate reader at **O.D. 450 nm**. It is recommended reading the absorbance within 30 minutes after adding the stop solution.

## **CALCULATION OF RESULTS**

1. Calculate the average absorbance values for each set of standards, control and samples.
2. Using log-log, semi-log or linear graph paper, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance obtained from each standard against its concentration with absorbance value on the vertical (Y) axis and concentration on the horizontal (X) axis.
3. Using the mean absorbance value for each sample determine the corresponding concentration from the standard curve.
4. Automated method: The results in the IFU have been calculated automatically using a 4 PL (4 Parameter Logistics) curve fit. 4 Parameter Logistics is the preferred method. Other data reduction functions may give slightly different results.
5. arigo provides GainData<sup>®</sup>, an in-house development ELISA data calculator, for ELISA data result analysis. Please refer our GainData<sup>®</sup> website for details. (<https://www.arigobio.com/elisa-analysis>)
6. If the samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be further converted by the appropriate dilution factor according to the sample preparation procedure as described above.

### **EXAMPLE OF TYPICAL STANDARD CURVE**

The following figures demonstrate typical results with the Human CCL2 / MCP1 ELISA Kit. One should use the data below for demonstration only and cannot be used in place of data generations at the time of assay.



### **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

#### **Sensitivity**

8 pg/ml

#### **Sensitivity**

No significant cross-reactivity or interference with Human CXCL-16, MCP-2, MIP-1 alpha, MIP-1 beta, RANTES, GRO/MGSA, GRO gamma, GRO beta, IL-8; Mouse MIP-1 alpha, MIP-1 beta.

#### **Assay Range**

15.6-1000 pg/ml