



## Mouse VEGFR2 ELISA Kit

Enzyme Immunoassay for the quantification of Mouse VEGFR2 in Mouse Serum and cell culture supernatants.

Catalog number: ARG81690

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## **INTRODUCTION**

Vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) is a major growth factor for endothelial cells. This gene encodes one of the two receptors of the VEGF. This receptor, known as kinase insert domain receptor, is a type III receptor tyrosine kinase. It functions as the main mediator of VEGF-induced endothelial proliferation, survival, migration, tubular morphogenesis and sprouting. The signalling and trafficking of this receptor are regulated by multiple factors, including Rab GTPase, P2Y purine nucleotide receptor, integrin alphaVbeta3, T-cell protein tyrosine phosphatase, etc.. Mutations of this gene are implicated in infantile capillary hemangiomas. [provided by RefSeq, May 2009]

Tyrosine-protein kinase that acts as a cell-surface receptor for VEGFA, VEGFC and VEGFD. Plays an essential role in the regulation of angiogenesis, vascular development, vascular permeability, and embryonic hematopoiesis. Promotes proliferation, survival, migration and differentiation of endothelial cells. Promotes reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton. Isoforms lacking a transmembrane domain, such as isoform 2 and isoform 3, may function as decoy receptors for VEGFA, VEGFC and/or VEGFD. Isoform 2 plays an important role as negative regulator of VEGFA- and VEGFC-mediated lymphangiogenesis by limiting the amount of free VEGFA and/or VEGFC and preventing their binding to FLT4. Modulates FLT1 and FLT4 signaling by forming heterodimers. Binding of vascular growth factors to isoform 1 leads to the activation of several signaling cascades. Activation of PLCG1 leads to the production of the cellular signaling molecules diacylglycerol and inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate and the activation of protein kinase C. Mediates activation of MAPK1/ERK2, MAPK3/ERK1 and the MAP kinase signaling pathway, as well as of the AKT1

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signaling pathway. Mediates phosphorylation of PIK3R1, the regulatory subunit of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase, reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton and activation of PTK2/FAK1. Required for VEGFA-mediated induction of NOS2 and NOS3, leading to the production of the signaling molecule nitric oxide (NO) by endothelial cells. Phosphorylates PLCG1. Promotes phosphorylation of FYN, NCK1, NOS3, PIK3R1, PTK2/FAK1 and SRC. [UniProt]

### **PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY**

This assay employs the quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. An antibody specific for VEGFR2 has been pre-coated onto a microtiter plate. Standards or samples are pipetted into the wells and any VEGFR2 present is bound by the immobilized antibody. After washing away any unbound substances, a biotin-conjugated antibody specific for VEGFR2 is added to each well and incubate. Following a washing to remove unbound substances, streptavidin conjugated to Horseradish Peroxidase (HRP) is added to each microplate well and incubated. After washing away any unbound antibody-enzyme reagent, a substrate solution (TMB) is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of VEGFR2 bound in the initial step. The color development is stopped by the addition of acid and the intensity of the color is measured at a wavelength of 450nm  $\pm$ 2nm. The concentration of VEGFR2 in the sample is then determined by comparing the O.D of samples to the standard curve.

## **MATERIALS PROVIDED & STORAGE INFORMATION**

Store the unopened kit at 2-8°C. Use the kit before expiration date.

Expiration date: Six months at 4°C and twelve months at -20°C.

<b>Component</b>	<b>Quantity</b>	<b>Storage information</b>
Antibody-coated microplate	8 X 12 strips	4°C. Unused strips should be sealed tightly in the air-tight pouch.
Standard (Lyophilized)	2 X 10 ng/vial	4°C
Standard/Sample diluent	30 ml (Ready to use)	4°C
Antibody conjugate concentrate (100X)	1 vial (130 µl)	4°C
Antibody diluent buffer	12 ml (Ready to use)	4°C
HRP-Streptavidin concentrate (100X)	1 vial (130 µl)	4°C
HRP-Streptavidin diluent buffer	12 ml (Ready to use)	4°C
Wash Buffer (Powder)	1 package	4°C
TMB substrate	10 ml (Ready to use)	4°C (Protect from light)
STOP solution	10 ml (Ready to use)	4°C
Plate sealer	4 strips	Room temperature

## **MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED**

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450nm (optional: read at 610-650 nm as the reference wave length)
- Pipettes and pipette tips
- Deionized or distilled water
- 37°C oven or incubator
- Automated microplate washer (optional)

## **TECHNICAL HINTS AND PRECAUTIONS**

- Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye, and face protection especially while handling blood or body fluid samples.
- Store the kit at 4°C at all times.
- To inspect the validity of experiment operation and the appropriateness of sample dilution proportion, a pilot experiment using standards and a small number of samples is recommended.
- The TMB Color developing agent should be colorless and transparent before using.
- Ensure complete reconstitution and dilution of reagents prior to use.
- All reagents should be mixed by gentle inversion or swirling prior to use. Do not induce foaming.
- Before using the kit, spin tubes and bring down all components to the bottom of tubes.
- Do not let strips dry, as this will inactivate active components in wells.
- It is highly recommended that the standards, samples and controls be assayed in duplicates.
- Change pipette tips between the addition of different reagent or samples.
- Avoid using reagents from different batches.
- In order to avoid marginal effect of plate incubation due to temperature difference (reaction may be stronger in the marginal wells), it is suggested that the 1X HRP-Streptavidin Solution and TMB substrate be pre-warmed in 37°C for 20-30 min before use.
- Samples contain azide cannot be assayed.

## **SAMPLE COLLECTION & STORAGE INFORMATION**

The sample collection and storage conditions listed below are intended as general guidelines. Sample stability has not been evaluated.

**Cell Culture Supernatants** - Remove particulates by centrifugation for 10 min at 1000 x g and aliquot & store samples at  $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

**Serum**- Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 30 minutes before centrifugation for 15 minutes at 1000 x g. Collect serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at  $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

## **REAGENT PREPARATION**

- **1X Wash Buffer:** Dissolve the wash buffer powder in 50 ml of deionized water to yield a 20X wash buffer stock. Dilute 20X wash buffer with distilled water to yield 1X wash buffer. The pH value of dissolved 1X wash buffer should be between pH7.2 to pH7.6. The 20X wash buffer stock is stable for 1-3 months at  $2^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $8^{\circ}\text{C}$  and the dissolved 1X wash buffer is stable for a week at  $2^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $8^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- **1X Antibody conjugate:** It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use and use it within 2 hours after preparation. Dilute 100X antibody conjugate concentrate into Antibody diluent buffer to yield 1X detection antibody solution. (e.g. 10  $\mu\text{l}$  of 100X antibody conjugate concentrate + 990  $\mu\text{l}$  of Antibody diluent buffer)
- **1X HRP-Streptavidin Solution:** It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use and use it within 1 hour after preparation. Dilute 100X HRP-Streptavidin concentrate solution into HRP-Streptavidin

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diluent buffer to yield 1X HRP-Streptavidin Solution buffer. (e.g. 10  $\mu$ l of 100X HRP-Streptavidin concentrate solution + 990  $\mu$ l of HRP-Streptavidin diluent buffer)

- **Sample:** If the initial assay found samples contain VEGFR2 higher than the highest standard, the samples can be diluted with Standard/Sample diluent and then re-assay the samples. For the calculation of the concentrations this dilution factor has to be taken into account. The sample must be well mixed with the diluents buffer before assay.

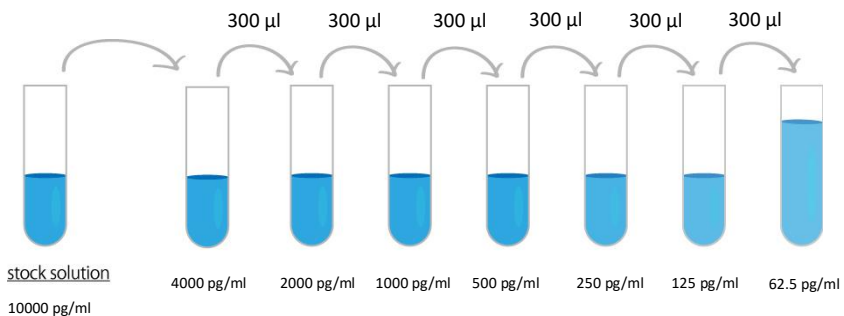
**(It is recommended to do pre-test to determine the suitable dilution factor).**

- **Standards:** Standard solution should be prepared within 2 hours prior to the experiment. Reconstitute the standard with 1 ml Standard/Sample diluent to yield a stock concentration of 10000 pg/ml. Allow the stock standard to sit for at least 10 minutes with gentle agitation to make sure the standard is dissolved completely before making serial dilutions. The Standard/ Sample diluent serves as zero standard (0 pg/ml), and the rest of the standard serial dilution can be diluted with Standard/ Sample diluent as according to the suggested concentration below: 4000 pg/ml, 2000 pg/ml, 1000 pg/ml, 500 pg/ml, 250 pg/ml, 125 pg/ml, 62.5 pg/ml.

**Note:** The reconstituted standard solutions are best used within 2 hours. The 10 ng/ml stock standard solution should be stored at 4°C for up to 12 hours, or aliquot & store at -20°C for up to 48 hours. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles



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Dilute VEGFR2 standard as according to the table below:

Standard	VEGFR2 Conc. (pg/ml)	µl of Standard/Sample diluent	µl of standard
S7	4000 pg/ml	600	400 (10000 pg/ml Stock)
S6	2000 pg/ml	300	300 (S7)
S5	1000 pg/ml	300	300 (S6)
S4	500 pg/ml	300	300 (S5)
S3	250 pg/ml	300	300 (S4)
S2	125 pg/ml	300	300 (S3)
S1	62.5 pg/ml	300	300 (S2)
S0	0	300	0

### ASSAY PROCEDURE

All materials should be equilibrated to room temperature (RT) or 37°C before use. The 1X HRP-Streptavidin Solution and TMB substrate must be kept warm at 37°C before use. When diluting samples and reagents, they must be mixed completely and evenly. Standard VEGFR2 detection curve should be prepared for each experiment. The user will decide sample dilution fold by crude estimation of VEGFR2 amount in samples. Standards, samples and controls should be assayed in duplicates.

1. Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame, return them to the foil pouch containing the desiccant pack, and reseal it.
2. Add 100 µl of standards, samples and zero controls (S0, Standard/Sample diluent) into wells. Cover the plate and incubate for 90 minutes at 37°C.
3. Aspirate each well. Complete removal of liquid by aspirating, decanting or blotting against clean paper towels. DO NOT let the wells completely dry at any time. Wash step is not necessary in this step.
4. Add 100 µl 1X Antibody conjugate into each well, gently tap the plate to mix well. Cover wells and incubate for 60 minutes at 37°C.
5. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process two times for a total three washes. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (0.01M PBS or TBS) (300 µl) using a squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or autowasher, keep the wash buffer in the wells for 1 min before remove. Complete removal of liquid at each is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating, decanting or blotting against clean paper towels. DO NOT let the wells completely dry at any time.

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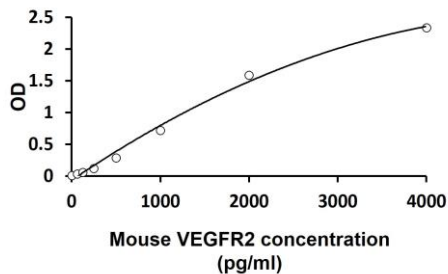
6. Add 100  $\mu$ l of 1X HRP-Streptavidin solution to each well, gently tap the plate to mix well. Cover wells and incubate for 30 minutes at 37°C.
7. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process four times for a total five washes. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (0.01M PBS or TBS) (300  $\mu$ l) using a squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or autowasher, keep the wash buffer in the wells for 1 min before remove. Complete removal of liquid at each is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating, decanting or blotting against clean paper towels. DO NOT let the wells completely dry at any time.
8. Add 90  $\mu$ l of TMB substrate to each well. Incubate for 25-30 minutes at 37°C in dark. (Note: The incubation time is for reference only, the optimal incubation time should be determined by end user. And the shades of blue color can be seen in the wells with the four most concentrated VEGFR2 standard solutions; the other wells show no obvious color).
9. Add 100  $\mu$ l of Stop Solution to each well. The color of the solution should change from blue to yellow. Gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing
10. Read the OD with a microplate reader at 450nm immediately. It is recommended read the absorbance within 30 minutes after adding the stop solution.

## **CALCULATION OF RESULTS**

1. Calculate the average absorbance values for each set of standards, controls and patient samples.
2. Using linear graph paper, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance obtained from each standard against its concentration with absorbance value on the vertical (Y) axis and concentration on the horizontal (X) axis.
3. Using the mean absorbance value for each sample determine the corresponding concentration from the standard curve.
4. Automated method: The results in the IFU have been calculated automatically using a 4 PL (4 Parameter Logistics) curve fit. 4 Parameter Logistics is the preferred method. Other data reduction functions may give slightly different results.
5. If the samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be further converted by the appropriate dilution factor according to the sample preparation procedure as described above.

## **EXAMPLE OF TYPICAL STANDARD CURVE**

The following data is for demonstration only and cannot be used in place of data generations at the time of assay.



## **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

### **Sensitivity**

The minimum detectable dose (MDD) of Mouse VEGFR2 ranged from 62.5 pg/ml- 4000 pg/ml. The mean MDD was 31.25 pg/ml.

### **Specificity**

This assay recognizes natural and recombinant Mouse VEGFR2. No significant cross-reactivity or interference with the factors below was observed:

There is no detectable cross-reactivity with other relevant proteins.

### **Intra-assay and Inter-assay precision**

The CV values of intra-assay was 5.3% and inter-assay was 6.3%.