



Human CD120a / TNFR1 ELISA Kit

Enzyme Immunoassay for the quantification of Human CD120a / TNFR1 in Human Serum, plasma (heparin, EDTA, citrate), urine and cell culture supernatants.

Catalog number: ARG81421

For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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INTRODUCTION

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the TNF-receptor superfamily. This protein is one of the major receptors for the tumor necrosis factor-alpha. This receptor can activate NF-kappaB, mediate apoptosis, and function as a regulator of inflammation. Antiapoptotic protein BCL2-associated athanogene 4 (BAG4/SODD) and adaptor proteins TRADD and TRAF2 have been shown to interact with this receptor, and thus play regulatory roles in the signal transduction mediated by the receptor. Germline mutations of the extracellular domains of this receptor were found to be associated with the autosomal dominant periodic fever syndrome. The impaired receptor clearance is thought to be a mechanism of the disease. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Receptor for TNFSF2/TNF-alpha and homotrimeric TNFSF1/lymphotoxin-alpha. The adapter molecule FADD recruits caspase-8 to the activated receptor. The resulting death-inducing signaling complex (DISC) performs caspase-8 proteolytic activation which initiates the subsequent cascade of caspases (aspartate-specific cysteine proteases) mediating apoptosis. Contributes to the induction of non-cytocidal TNF effects including anti-viral state and activation of the acid sphingomyelinase. [UniProt]

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This assay employs the quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. An antibody specific for CD120a / TNFR1 has been pre-coated onto a microtiter plate. Standards or samples are pipetted into the wells and any CD120a / TNFR1 present is bound by the immobilized antibody. After washing away any unbound substances, a biotin-conjugated antibody specific for CD120a / TNFR1

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is added to each well and incubate. Following a washing to remove unbound substances, streptavidin conjugated to Horseradish Peroxidase (HRP) is added to each microplate well and incubated. After washing away any unbound antibody-enzyme reagent, a substrate solution (TMB) is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of CD120a / TNFR1 bound in the initial step. The color development is stopped by the addition of acid and the intensity of the color is measured at a wavelength of 450nm \pm 2nm. The concentration of CD120a / TNFR1 in the sample is then determined by comparing the O.D of samples to the standard curve.

MATERIALS PROVIDED & STORAGE INFORMATION

Store the unopened kit at 2-8°C. Use the kit before expiration date.

Expiration date: Six months at 4°C and twelve months at -20°C.

Component	Quantity	Storage information
Antibody-coated microplate	8 X 12 strips	4°C. Unused strips should be sealed tightly in the air-tight pouch.
Standard (Lyophilized)	2 X 10 ng/vial	4°C
Standard/Sample diluent	30 ml (Ready to use)	4°C
Antibody conjugate concentrate (100X)	1 vial (130 μ l)	4°C
Antibody diluent buffer	12 ml (Ready to use)	4°C
HRP-Streptavidin concentrate (100X)	1 vial (130 μ l)	4°C
HRP-Streptavidin diluent buffer	12 ml (Ready to use)	4°C
Wash Buffer (Powder)	1 package	4°C
TMB substrate	10 ml (Ready to use)	4°C (Protect from light)
STOP solution	10 ml (Ready to use)	4°C

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Plate sealer	4 strips	Room temperature
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MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450nm (optional: read at 610-650 nm as the reference wave length)
- Pipettes and pipette tips
- Deionized or distilled water
- 37°C oven or incubator
- Automated microplate washer (optional)

TECHNICAL HINTS AND PRECAUTIONS

- Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye, and face protection especially while handling blood or body fluid samples.
- Store the kit at 4°C at all times.
- To inspect the validity of experiment operation and the appropriateness of sample dilution proportion, a pilot experiment using standards and a small number of samples is recommended.
- The TMB Color developing agent should be colorless and transparent before using.
- Ensure complete reconstitution and dilution of reagents prior to use.
- All reagents should be mixed by gentle inversion or swirling prior to use. Do not induce foaming.
- Before using the kit, spin tubes and bring down all components to the bottom of tubes.
- Do not let strips dry, as this will inactivate active components in wells.
- It is highly recommended that the standards, samples and controls be

assayed in duplicates.

- Change pipette tips between the addition of different reagent or samples.
- Avoid using reagents from different batches.
- In order to avoid marginal effect of plate incubation due to temperature difference (reaction may be stronger in the marginal wells), it is suggested that the 1X HRP-Streptavidin Solution and TMB substrate be pre-warmed in 37°C for 20-30 min before use.
- Samples contain azide cannot be assayed.

SAMPLE COLLECTION & STORAGE INFORMATION

The sample collection and storage conditions listed below are intended as general guidelines. Sample stability has not been evaluated.

Cell Culture Supernatants - Remove particulates by centrifugation for 10 min at 1500 x g at 4°C and aliquot & store samples at ≤ -20°C up to 1 month or -80°C up to 6 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Serum - Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 30 minutes before centrifugation for 15 minutes at 1000 x g. Collect serum and assay immediately or aliquot & store samples at ≤ -20°C up to 1 month or -80°C up to 6 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Plasma - Collect plasma using EDTA, citrate or heparin as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000 x g. within 30 minutes of collection. Collect the supernatants and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤ -20°C up to 1 month or -80°C up to 6 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Urine - Collect the urine by micturating directly into a sterile container. Remove impurities by centrifugation at 10,000 x g for 1 min. Collect the supernatants

and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ up to 1 month or -80°C up to 6 months.

REAGENT PREPARATION

- **1X Wash Buffer:** Dissolve the wash buffer powder in 50 ml of deionized water to yield a 20X wash buffer stock. Dilute 20X wash buffer with distilled water to yield 1X wash buffer. The pH value of dissolved 1X wash buffer should be between pH7.2 to pH7.6. The 20X wash buffer stock is stable for 1-3 months at 2°C to 8°C and the dissolved 1X wash buffer is stable for a week at 2°C to 8°C .
- **1X Antibody conjugate:** It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use and use it within 2 hours after preparation. Dilute 100X antibody conjugate concentrate into Antibody diluent buffer to yield 1X detection antibody solution. (e.g. 10 μl of 100X antibody conjugate concentrate + 990 μl of Antibody diluent buffer)
- **1X HRP-Streptavidin Solution:** It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use and use it within 1 hour after preparation. Dilute 100X HRP-Streptavidin concentrate solution into HRP-Streptavidin diluent buffer to yield 1X HRP-Streptavidin Solution buffer. (e.g. 10 μl of 100X HRP-Streptavidin concentrate solution + 990 μl of HRP-Streptavidin diluent buffer)
- **Sample:** If the initial assay found samples contain CD120a / TNFR1 higher than the highest standard, the samples can be diluted with Standard/Sample diluent and then re-assay the samples. For the calculation of the concentrations this dilution factor has to be taken into account. The sample must be well mixed with the diluent buffer before

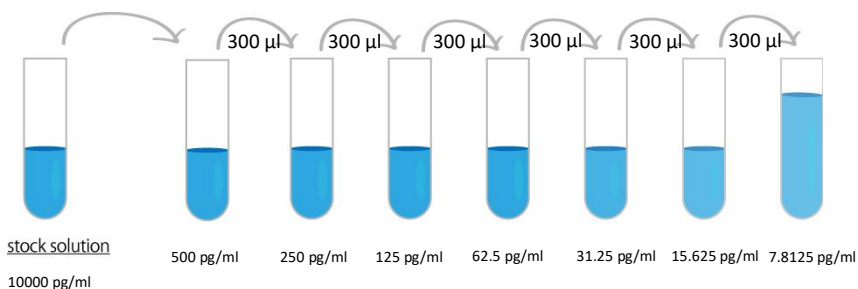
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assay.

(It is recommended to do pre-test to determine the suitable dilution factor).

- **Standards:** Standard solution should be prepared within 2 hours prior to the experiment. Reconstitute the standard with 1 ml Standard/Sample diluent to yield a stock concentration of 10000 pg/ml. Allow the stock standard to sit for at least 10 minutes with gentle agitation to make sure the standard is dissolved completely before making serial dilutions. The Standard/ Sample diluent serves as zero standard (0 pg/ml), and the rest of the standard serial dilution can be diluted with Standard/ Sample diluent as according to the suggested concentration below: 500 pg/ml, 250 pg/ml, 125 pg/ml, 62.5 pg/ml, 31.25 pg/ml, 15.625 pg/ml, 7.8125 pg/ml.

Note: The reconstituted standard solutions are best used within 2 hours. The stock standard solution should be stored at 4°C for up to 12 hours, or aliquot & store at -20°C for up to 48 hours. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles



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Dilute CD120a / TNFR1 standard as according to the table below:

Standard	CD120a / TNFR1 Conc. (pg/ml)	μ l of Standard/Sample diluent	μ l of standard
S7	500 pg/ml	950	50 (10000 pg/ml Stock)
S6	250 pg/ml	300	300 (S7)
S5	125 pg/ml	300	300 (S6)
S4	62.5 pg/ml	300	300 (S5)
S3	31.25 pg/ml	300	300 (S4)
S2	15.625 pg/ml	300	300 (S3)
S1	7.8125 pg/ml	300	300 (S2)
S0	0	300	0

ASSAY PROCEDURE

All materials should be equilibrated to room temperature (RT) or 37°C before use. The 1X HRP-Streptavidin Solution and TMB substrate should be prewarm at 37°C few minutes before use. When diluting samples and reagents, they must be mixed completely and evenly. Standard CD120a / TNFR1 detection curve should be prepared for each experiment. The user will decide sample dilution fold by crude estimation of CD120a / TNFR1 amount in samples. Standards, samples and controls should be assayed in duplicates.

1. Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame, return them to the foil pouch containing the desiccant pack, and reseal it.
2. Add 100 μ l of standards, samples and zero controls (S0, Standard/Sample diluent) into wells. Cover the plate and incubate for 90 minutes at 37°C.
3. Aspirate each well. Complete removal of liquid by aspirating, decanting or blotting against clean paper towels. DO NOT let the wells completely dry

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at any time. Wash step is not necessary in this step.

4. Add 100 μ l 1X Antibody conjugate into each well, gently tap the plate to mix well. Cover wells and incubate for 60 minutes at 37°C.
5. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process two times for a total three washes. Wash by filling each well with 1X Wash Buffer (or 0.01M PBS or TBS) (300 μ l) using a squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or autowasher, keep the wash buffer in the wells for 1 min before remove. Complete removal of liquid at each is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating, decanting or blotting against clean paper towels. DO NOT let the wells completely dry at any time.
6. Add 100 μ l of 1X HRP-Streptavidin solution to each well, gently tap the plate to mix well. Cover wells and incubate for 30 minutes at 37°C.
7. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process four times for a total five washes. Wash by filling each well with 1X Wash Buffer (or 0.01M PBS or TBS) (300 μ l) using a squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or autowasher, keep the wash buffer in the wells for 1 min before remove. Complete removal of liquid at each is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating, decanting or blotting against clean paper towels. DO NOT let the wells completely dry at any time.
8. Add 90 μ l of TMB substrate to each well. Incubate for 15-25 minutes at 37°C in dark. (Note: The incubation time is for reference only, the optimal incubation time should be determined by end user. And the shades of blue color can be seen in the wells with the four most concentrated CD120a /

TNFR1 standard solutions; the other wells show no obvious color).

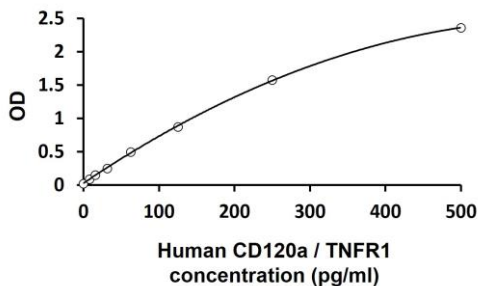
9. Add 100 µl of Stop Solution to each well. The color of the solution should change from blue to yellow. Gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing
10. Read the OD with a microplate reader at 450nm immediately. It is recommended read the absorbance within 30 minutes after adding the stop solution.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

1. Calculate the average absorbance values for each set of standards, controls and patient samples.
2. Using linear graph paper, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance obtained from each standard against its concentration with absorbance value on the vertical (Y) axis and concentration on the horizontal (X) axis.
3. Using the mean absorbance value for each sample determine the corresponding concentration from the standard curve.
4. Automated method: The results in the IFU have been calculated automatically using a 4 PL (4 Parameter Logistics) curve fit. 4 Parameter Logistics is the preferred method. Other data reduction functions may give slightly different results.
5. If the samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be further converted by the appropriate dilution factor according to the sample preparation procedure as described above.

EXAMPLE OF TYPICAL STANDARD CURVE

The following data is for demonstration only and cannot be used in place of data generations at the time of assay.



QUALITY ASSURANCE

Sensitivity

The minimum detectable dose (MDD) of Human CD120a / TNFR1 ranged from 7.8- 500 pg/ml. The mean MDD was 3.9 pg/ml.

Specificity

This assay recognizes natural and recombinant Human CD120a / TNFR1. No significant cross-reactivity or interference with the factors below was observed: There is no detectable cross-reactivity with other relevant proteins.

Intra-assay and Inter-assay precision

The CV values of intra-assay was 6.3% and inter-assay was 6.7%.