

# Rat TIMP-1 ELISA Kit

Enzyme Immunoassay for the quantification of Rat TIMP-1 in serum, plasma, cell culture supernatants

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#### INTRODUCTION

TIMP-1 gene belongs to the TIMP gene family. The proteins encoded by this gene family are natural inhibitors of the matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs), a group of peptidases involved in degradation of the extracellular matrix. In addition to its inhibitory role against most of the known MMPs, the encoded protein is able to promote cell proliferation in a wide range of cell types, and may also have an anti-apoptotic function. Transcription of this gene is highly inducible in response to many cytokines and hormones. In addition, the expression from some but not all inactive X chromosomes suggests that this gene inactivation is polymorphic in human females. This gene is located within intron 6 of the synapsin I gene and is transcribed in the opposite direction. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Metalloproteinase inhibitor that functions by forming one to one complexes with target metalloproteinases, such as collagenases, and irreversibly inactivates them by binding to their catalytic zinc cofactor. Acts on MMP1, MMP2, MMP3, MMP7, MMP8, MMP9, MMP10, MMP11, MMP12, MMP13 and MMP16. Does not act on MMP14. Also functions as a growth factor that regulates cell differentiation, migration and cell death and activates cellular signaling cascades via CD63 and ITGB1. Plays a role in integrin signaling. Mediates erythropoiesis in vitro; but, unlike IL3, it is species-specific, stimulating the growth and differentiation of only human and murine erythroid progenitors. [UniProt]

#### PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This assay employs the quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. An antibody specific for TIMP-1 has been pre-coated onto a microtiter plate. Standards or samples are pipetted into the wells and any TIMP-1 present is bound by the immobilized antibody. After washing away any unbound substances, a biotin-conjugated antibody specific for TIMP-1 is added to each well and incubate. Following a washing to remove unbound substances, streptavidin conjugated to Horseradish Peroxidase (HRP) is added to each microplate well and incubated. After washing away any unbound antibody-enzyme reagent, a substrate solution (TMB) is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of TIMP-1 bound in the initial step. The color development is stopped by the addition of acid and the intensity of the color is measured at a wavelength of 450nm ±2nm. The concentration of TIMP-1 in the sample is then determined by comparing the O.D of samples to the standard curve.

### MATERIALS PROVIDED & STORAGE INFORMATION

Store the unopened kit at 2-8 °C. Use the kit before expiration date.

| Component                       | Quantity       | Storage information  |
|---------------------------------|----------------|--|
| Antibody-coated microplate      | 8 X 12 strips  | 4°C. Unused strips should be sealed tightly in the airtight pouch. |
| Standard (Lyophilized)          | 2 X 2 ng/vial  | 4°C  |
| Standard/Sample diluent         | 1 X 16 ml      | 4°C  |
| Antibody conjugate concentrate  | 2 vial (60 μl) | 4°C  |
| Antibody diluent buffer         | 16 ml          | 4°C  |
| HRP-Streptavidin concentrate    | 2 vial (60 μl) | 4°C (Protect from light)   |
| HRP-Streptavidin diluent buffer | 16 ml          | 4°C  |
| 20X Wash buffer                 | 25 ml          | 4°C  |
| TMB substrate                   | 12 ml          | 4°C (Protect from light)   |
| STOP solution                   | 12 ml          | 4°C  |
| Plate sealer                    | 4 strips       | Room temperature   |

### MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450nm (optional: read at 610-650 nm as the reference wave length)
- Pipettes and pipette tips
- Deionized or distilled water
- Automated microplate washer (optional)

#### TECHNICAL HINTS AND PRECAUTIONS

- Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye, and face protection especially while handling blood or body fluid samples.
- Store the kit at 4°C at all times.
- Briefly spin down the antibody conjugate concentrate and HRP-Streptavidin concentrate before use.
- If crystals are observed in the 20X Wash buffer, warm to RT (not more than 50°C) until the crystals are completely dissolved.
- Ensure complete reconstitution and dilution of reagents prior to use.
- It is highly recommended that the standards, samples and controls be assayed in duplicates.
- Change pipette tips between the addition of different reagent or samples.

### SAMPLE COLLECTION & STORAGE INFORMATION

The sample collection and storage conditions listed below are intended as general guidelines. Sample stability has not been evaluated.

<u>Cell Culture Supernatants</u> - Remove particulates by centrifugation and aliquot

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& store samples at  $\leq$  -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

<u>Serum</u>- Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 30 minutes before centrifugation for 15 minutes at  $1000 \times g$ . Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at  $\leq$  -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

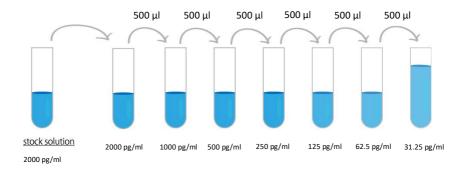
<u>Plasma - Collect plasma</u> on ice using EDTA as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge (1000 x g) for 15 minutes at 2-8 °C within 30 minutes of collection. Collect the supernatants and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at  $\leq$  -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

#### REAGENT PREPARATION

- **1X Wash buffer**: Dilute 20X Wash buffer into distilled water to yield 1X Wash buffer
- 1X Antibody conjugate: Dilute 100X antibody conjugate concentrate into Antibody diluent buffer with Antibody diluent buffer to yield 1X detection antibody solution.
- 1X HRP-Streptavidin Solution: Dilute 100X HRP-Streptavidin concentrate solution into HRP-Streptavidin diluent buffer to yield 1X HRP-Streptavidin Solution buffer.
- Sample: If the initial assay found samples contain TIMP-1 higher than the
  highest standard, the samples can be diluted with Standard/Sample
  diluent and then re-assay the samples. For the calculation of the
  concentrations this dilution factor has to be taken into account.

(It is recommended to do pre-test to determine the suitable dilution factor).

• Standards: Reconstitute the standard with 1 ml Standard/Sample diluent to yield a stock concentration of 2000 pg/ml. Allow the stock standard to sit for at least 15 minutes with gentle agitation to make sure the standard is dissolved completely before making serial dilutions. The Standard/Sample diluent serves as zero standard (0 pg/ml), and the rest of the standard serial dilution can be diluted with Standard/Sample diluent as according to the suggested concentration below: 2000 pg/ml, 1000 pg/ml, 500 pg/ml, 250 pg/ml, 125 pg/ml, 62.5 pg/ml, 31.25 pg/ml.



#### **ASSAY PROCEDURE**

All materials should be equilibrated to room temperature (RT) before use. Standards, samples and controls should be assayed in duplicates.

- 1. Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame, return them to the foil pouch containing the desiccant pack, and reseal it.
- 2. Add 100  $\mu$ l of standards, samples and zero controls (Standard/Sample diluent) into wells. Incubate for 1.5 h at 37 °C.
- 3. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process three times for a total

four washes. Wash by filling each well with  $1 \times$  Wash Buffer (350  $\mu$ l) using a squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating, decanting or blotting against clean paper towels.

- 4. Add 100  $\mu$ l 1X Antibody conjugate into each well. Cover wells and incubate for 1 hour at 37 °C.
- 5. Aspirate each well and wash as step 3.
- 6. Add 100  $\mu$ l of 1X HRP-Streptavidin solution to each well. Cover wells and incubate for 30 minutes at 37 °C.
- 7. Aspirate each well and wash as step 3.
- 8. Add 100  $\mu$ l of TMB Reagent to each well. Incubate for 10-20 minutes at 37°C in dark.
- 9. Add 100  $\mu$ l of Stop Solution to each well. The color of the solution should change from blue to yellow. Gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing
- 10. Read the OD with a microplate reader at 450nm immediately. (optional: read at 610-650 nm as the reference wave length)

#### **CALCULATION OF RESULTS**

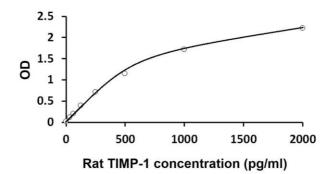
- 1. Calculate the average absorbance values for each set of standards, controls and patient samples.
- 2. Using linear graph paper, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance obtained from each standard against its concentration with absorbance value on the vertical (Y) axis and concentration on the horizontal

(X) axis.

- 3. Using the mean absorbance value for each sample determine the corresponding concentration from the standard curve.
- 4. Automated method: The results in the IFU have been calculated automatically using a 4 PL (4 Parameter Logistics) curve fit. 4 Parameter Logistics is the preferred method. Other data reduction functions may give slightly different results.
- 5. If the samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be further converted by the appropriate dilution factor according to the sample preparation procedure as described above.

#### **EXAMPLE OF TYPICAL STANDARD CURVE**

The following data is for demonstration only and cannot be used in place of data generations at the time of assay.



### **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

# Sensitivity

The minimum detectable dose (MDD) of Rat TIMP-1 ranged from 31.25- 2000 pg/ml. The mean MDD was 15 pg/ml.

## **Specificity**

This assay recognizes natural and recombinant Rat TIMP-1. No significant cross-reactivity or interference with the factors below was observed:

50 ng/ml of recombinant proteins:

Human: MMP1, MMP2, MMP3, MMP7, MMP8, MMP9, MMP10, MMP12,

MMP13, TIMP1, TIMP2, TIMP3, TIMP4

Mouse: MMP3, MMP9 (pro), MMP9 (actived)

# Intra-assay and Inter-assay precision

The CV values of both intra and inter precision fall below 10%.