Mouse CCL21 / Exodus2 ELISA kit ARG80226



# Mouse CCL21 / Exodus2 ELISA Kit

Enzyme Immunoassay for the quantification of Mouse Chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 21/Exodus-2 in serum, plasma, cell culture supernatants

Catalog number: ARG80226

For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Mouse CCL21 / Exodus2 ELISA kit ARG80226

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

# SECTIONPageINTRODUCTION3PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY3MATERIALS PROVIDED & STORAGE INFORMATION4MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED4TECHNICAL HINTS AND PRECAUTIONS5SAMPLE COLLECTION & STORAGE INFORMATION5REAGENT PREPARATION6ASSAY PROCEDURE7CALCULATION OF RESULTS8EXAMPLE OF TYPICAL STANDARD CURVE8QUALITY ASSURANCE9

#### MANUFACTURED BY:

Arigo Biolaboratories Corporation

Address: No. 22, Ln. 227, Gongyuan Rd., Hsinchu City 300, Taiwan

Phone: +886 (3) 562 1738

Fax: +886 (3) 561 3008

Email: info@arigobio.com

#### INTRODUCTION

This gene is one of several CC cytokine genes clustered on the p-arm of chromosome 9. Cytokines are a family of secreted proteins involved in immunoregulatory and inflammatory processes. The CC cytokines are proteins characterized by two adjacent cysteines. Similar to other chemokines the protein encoded by this gene inhibits hemopoiesis and stimulates chemotaxis. This protein is chemotactic in vitro for thymocytes and activated T cells, but not for B cells, macrophages, or neutrophils. The cytokine encoded by this gene may also play a role in mediating homing of lymphocytes to secondary lymphoid organs. It is a high affinity functional ligand for chemokine receptor 7 that is expressed on T and B lymphocytes and a known receptor for another member of the cytokine family (small inducible cytokine A19). (provided by RefSeq, May 2013)

#### **PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY**

This assay employs the quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. An antibody specific for CCL21 / Exodus2 has been pre-coated onto a microtiter plate. Standards or samples are pipetted into the wells and any CCL21 / Exodus2 present is bound by the immobilized antibody. After washing away any unbound substances, a biotin-conjugated antibody specific for CCL21 / Exodus2 is added to each well and incubate. Following a washing to remove unbound substances, streptavidin conjugated to Horseradish Peroxidase (HRP) is added to each microplate well and incubated. After washing away any unbound antibody-enzyme reagent, a substrate solution (TMB) is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of CCL21 / Exodus2 bound in the initial step. The color development is

stopped by the addition of acid and the intensity of the color is measured at a wavelength of 450nm ±2nm.The concentration of CCL21 / Exodus2 in the sample is then determined by comparing the O.D of samples to the standard curve.

# **MATERIALS PROVIDED & STORAGE INFORMATION**

Component	Quantity	Storage information
Antibody-coated microplate	8 X 12 strips	4°C. Unused strips should be sealed tightly in the air-tight pouch.
Standard (Lyophilized)	4 X 2 ng/vial	4°C
Standard diluent buffer	20 ml	4°C
Antibody conjugate concentrate	1 vial (400 µl)	4°C
Antibody diluent buffer	16 ml	4°C
HRP-Streptavidin concentrate	1 vial (400 µl)	4°C (Protect from light)
HRP-Streptavidin diluent buffer	16 ml	4°C
20X Wash buffer	50 ml	4°C
TMB substrate	12 ml	4°C (Protect from light)
STOP solution	12 ml	4°C
Plate sealer	6 strips	Room temperature

Store the unopened kit at 2-8 °C. Use the kit before expiration date.

# MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450nm
- Pipettes and pipette tips
- Deionized or distilled water
- Automated microplate washer (optional)

## **TECHNICAL HINTS AND PRECAUTIONS**

- Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye, and face protection especially while handling blood or body fluid samples.
- Store the kit at 4°C at all times.
- Briefly spin down the antibody conjugate concentrate and HRP-Streptavidin concentrate before use.
- If crystals are observed in the 20X Wash buffer, warm to RT (not more than 50°C) until the crystals are completely dissolved.
- Ensure complete reconstitution and dilution of reagents prior to use.
- It is highly recommended that the standards, samples and controls be assayed in duplicates.
- Change pipette tips between the addition of different reagent or samples.

#### SAMPLE COLLECTION & STORAGE INFORMATION

The sample collection and storage conditions listed below are intended as general guidelines. Sample stability has not been evaluated.

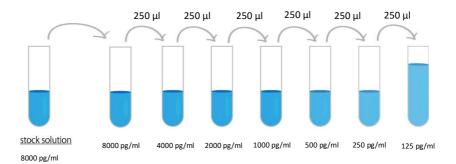
<u>Cell Culture Supernatants</u> - Remove particulates by centrifugation and aliquot & store samples at  $\leq$  -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

<u>Serum</u>- Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 30 minutes before centrifugation for 15 minutes at  $1000 \times g$ . Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at  $\leq -20$  °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

<u>Plasma</u> - Collect plasma using EDTA or heparin as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000 x g within 30 minutes of collection. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at  $\leq$  -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **REAGENT PREPARATION**

- **1X Wash buffer**: Dilute 20X Wash buffer into distilled water to yield 1X Wash buffer.
- **1X Antibody conjugate**: Dilute 30X antibody conjugate concentrate into 1X antibody diluent buffer to yield 1X Detection antibody solution.
- **1X HRP-Streptavidin Solution**: Dilute 30X HRP-Streptavidin concentrate solution into 1X HRP-Streptavidin diluent buffer to yield 1X HRP-Streptavidin Solution buffer.
- Standards: Reconstitute the standard with 250 µl standard diluent buffer to yield a stock concentration of 8000 pg/ml. Make sure the standard is dissolved completely before making serial dilutions. Combine 2 vials of dissolved standard into one. The standard diluent buffer serves as zero standard (0 pg/ml), and the rest of the standard serial dilution can be diluted as according to the suggested concentration below: 8000 pg/ml, 4000 pg/ml, 2000 pg/ml, 1000 pg/ml, 500 pg/ml, 250 pg/ml, 125 pg/ml.



# ASSAY PROCEDURE

All materials should be equilibrated to room temperature (RT) before use. Standards, samples and controls should be assayed in duplicates.

- 1. Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame, return them to the foil pouch containing the desiccant pack, and reseal it.
- 2. Add 100  $\mu$ l of standards, samples and zero controls (standard diluent buffer) into wells. Incubate for 1.5 h at 36 °C.
- 3. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process four times for a total five washes. Wash by filling each well with  $1 \times$  Wash Buffer (350 µl) using a squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating, decanting or blotting against clean paper towels.
- 4. Add 100  $\mu l$  1X Antibody conjugate into each well. Cover wells and incubate for 1 hour at 36°C.
- 5. Aspirate each well and wash as step 3.
- 6. Add 100  $\mu$ l of 1X HRP-Streptavidin solution to each well. Cover wells and incubate for 30 minutes at 36°C.
- 7. Aspirate each well and wash as step 3.
- 8. Add 100  $\mu l$  of TMB Reagent to each well. Incubate for 15 minutes at 36°C in dark.
- 9. Add 100  $\mu$ l of Stop Solution to each well. The color of the solution should change from blue to yellow.
- 10. Read the OD with a microplate reader at 450nm immediately.

# **CALCULATION OF RESULTS**

1. Calculate the average absorbance values for each set of standards, controls and patient samples.

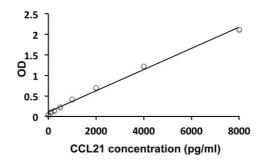
2. Using linear graph paper, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance obtained from each standard against its concentration with absorbance value on the vertical (Y) axis and concentration on the horizontal (X) axis.

3. Using the mean absorbance value for each sample determine the corresponding concentration from the standard curve.

4. Automated method: The results in the IFU have been calculated automatically using a 4 PL (4 Parameter Logistics) curve fit. 4 Parameter Logistics is the preferred method. Other data reduction functions may give slightly different results.

### **EXAMPLE OF TYPICAL STANDARD CURVE**

The following data is for demonstration only and cannot be used in place of data generations at the time of assay.



# **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

#### Sensitivity

The minimum detectable dose (MDD) of Mouse CCL21 / Exodus2 ranged from 125-8000 pg/ml. The mean MDD was 63 pg/ml.

#### Specificity

This assay recognizes natural and recombinant Mouse CCL21 / Exodus2. No significant cross-reactivity or interference with the factors below was observed: Mouse Eotaxin-2, RANTES, MIP-1  $\alpha$ , MIP-1  $\beta$ , MIP-3  $\beta$ , TECK, TARC ; human 6Ckine

#### Intra-assay and Inter-assay precision

The CV values of both intra and inter precision fall below 10%.