

# Product datasheet

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ARG82906 Human T4 / Thyroxine (free) ELISA Kit Package: 96 wells Store at: 4°C

### **Summary**

Product Description ARG82906 Human T4 / Thyroxine (free) ELISA Kit is an enzyme immunoassay kit for the quantification

determination of T4 / Thyroxine (free) concentration in Human serum and plasma.

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application ELISA

Target Name Thyroxine

Conjugation HRP

Conjugation Note Substrate: TMB and read at 450 nm

Sensitivity 0.22 ng/dl

Sample Type Serum and plasma.

Standard Range 0.5 - 8 ng/dl

Sample Volume 50 μl

## **Application Instructions**

Assay Time 1 h, 30 min

# **Properties**

Form 96 well

Storage instruction Store the kit at 2-8°C. Keep microplate wells sealed in a dry bag with desiccants. Do not expose test

reagents to heat, sun or strong light during storage and usage. Please refer to the product user manual

for detail temperatures of the components.

Note for laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

Gene Full Name T4 / Thyroxine (free)

Background Thyroxine, the principal thyroid hormone, circulates in blood almost completely bound to carrier

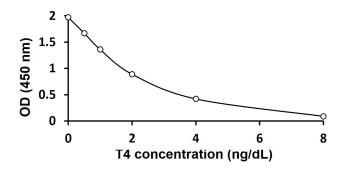
proteins. The main carrier is thyroxine-binding globulin (TBG). However, only the free (unbound) portion of thyroxine is responsible for the biological action. Further, the concentrations of the carrier proteins are altered in many clinical conditions, such as pregnancy. In normal thyroid functions as the concentrations of the carrier proteins alters, the total thyroxine level changes so that the free thyroxine concentration remains constant. Thus, measurements of free thyroxine concentration correlate better with clinical status than total thyroxine levels. for example, the increase in total thyroxine associated with pregnancy, oral contraceptives and estrogen therapy occassionally results in total T4 levels over the limits of normal while the free thyroxine concentration remains in the normal reference range. Masking of abnormal thyroid function can also occur in both hyper and hypothyroid conditions by alterations in the TBG concentration. The total T4 can be elevated or lowered by TBG changes such that the normal reference level result. Again, the free thyroxine concentration typically uncovers the patient's actual clinical status. This microplate enzyme immunoassay methodology provides the

technician with optimum sensitivity while requiring few technical manipulations. In this method, serum reference, patient specimen, or control is first added to a microplate well. Enzyme-T4 conjugate (analog method) is added, then the reactants are mixed. A competition reaction results between the enzyme conjugate and the free thyroxine for a limited number of antibody combining sites immobilized on the well. After the completion of the required incubation period, the antibody bound enzyme-thyroxine conjugate is separated from the unbound enzyme-thyroxine conjugate by aspiration or decantation. The activity of the enzyme present on the surface of the well is quantitated by reaction with a suitable substrate to produce color. The employment of several serum references of known free thyroxine concentration permits construction of a graph of activity and concentration. From comparison to the dose response curve, an unknown specimen's activity can be correlated with free thyroxine concentration.

Research Area

Signaling Transduction kit

#### **Images**



# ARG82906 Human T4 / Thyroxine (free) ELISA Kit standard curve example image

The representative standard curve of ARG82906 Human T4 / Thyroxine (free) ELISA Kit. The standard curve is for demonstration only and cannot be used in place of data generations at the time of assay. The standard curve should be generated each time the assay is performed.