

# Product datasheet

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## ARG81374 Human MMP2 ELISA Kit

Package: 96 wells Store at: 4°C

#### Summary

Product Description ARG81374 Human MMP2 ELISA Kit is an Enzyme Immunoassay kit for the quantification of Human

MMP2 in serum or plasma.

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application ELISA

Specificity The following recombinant Human proteins were tested and exhibited no cross-reactivity: BMP1,

BMP2, BMP4, HGF, IL-1β, IL-2, IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-13, IL-15, IFN-γ, TGFβ1, TGFβ2,

TGFβ3,TLR1, TLR2, TLR3, TNF-α, VEGF.

Target Name MMP2

Conjugation Note Read at 450 nm.

Sensitivity 100 pg/ml

Sample Type Serum or plasma.

Standard Range 625 pg/ml - 40,000 pg/ml

Sample Volume  $100 \mu l$ 

Alternate Names CLG4A; MMP-2; TBE-1; MONA; CLG4; EC 3.4.24.24; Gelatinase A; Matrix metalloproteinase-2; MMP-II;

72 kDa gelatinase; 72 kDa type IV collagenase

### **Application Instructions**

Assay Time ~ 5 hours

#### **Properties**

Form 96 well

Storage instruction Store the kit at 2-8°C. Keep microplate wells sealed in a dry bag with desiccants. Do not expose test

reagents to heat, sun or strong light during storage and usage. Please refer to the product user manual

for detail temperatures of the components.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

Gene Symbol MMP2

Gene Full Name matrix metallopeptidase 2

Background This gene is a member of the matrix metalloproteinase (MMP) gene family, that are zinc-dependent

enzymes capable of cleaving components of the extracellular matrix and molecules involved in signal transduction. The protein encoded by this gene is a gelatinase A, type IV collagenase, that contains three fibronectin type II repeats in its catalytic site that allow binding of denatured type IV and V collagen and elastin. Unlike most MMP family members, activation of this protein can occur on the cell membrane. This enzyme can be activated extracellularly by proteases, or, intracellulary by its S-

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glutathiolation with no requirement for proteolytical removal of the pro-domain. This protein is thought to be involved in multiple pathways including roles in the nervous system, endometrial menstrual breakdown, regulation of vascularization, and metastasis. Mutations in this gene have been associated with Winchester syndrome and Nodulosis-Arthropathy-Osteolysis (NAO) syndrome. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2014]

**Function** 

Ubiquitinous metalloproteinase that is involved in diverse functions such as remodeling of the vasculature, angiogenesis, tissue repair, tumor invasion, inflammation, and atherosclerotic plaque rupture. As well as degrading extracellular matrix proteins, can also act on several nonmatrix proteins such as big endothelial 1 and beta-type CGRP promoting vasoconstriction. Also cleaves KISS at a Gly-|-Leu bond. Appears to have a role in myocardial cell death pathways. Contributes to myocardial oxidative stress by regulating the activity of GSK3beta. Cleaves GSK3beta in vitro. Involved in the formation of the fibrovascular tissues in association with MMP14.

PEX, the C-terminal non-catalytic fragment of MMP2, posseses anti-angiogenic and anti-tumor properties and inhibits cell migration and cell adhesion to FGF2 and vitronectin. Ligand for integriny/beta3 on the surface of blood vessels.

Isoform 2: Mediates the proteolysis of CHUK/IKKA and initiates a primary innate immune response by inducing mitochondrial-nuclear stress signaling with activation of the pro-inflammatory NF-kappaB, NFAT and IRF transcriptional pathways. [UniProt]

Highlight

Related products:

MMP2 antibodies; MMP2 ELISA Kits;

Related news:

New MMP7 (total or active) ELISA kits are released Detecting MMPs and their non-ECM substrates

New ELISA data calculation tool: Simplify the ELISA analysis by GainData

PTM

Phosphorylation on multiple sites modulates enzymatic activity. Phosphorylated by PKC in vitro.

The propeptide is processed by MMP14 (MT-MMP1) and MMP16 (MT-MMP3). Autocatalytic cleavage in the C-terminal produces the anti-angiogenic peptide, PEX. This processing appears to be facilitated by binding integrinv/beta3. [UniProt]