

Product datasheet

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ARG62619 anti-Rhodopsin antibody [RET-P1]

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody [RET-P1] recognizes Rhodopsin

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat, Bov

Tested Application FACS, ICC/IF, IHC-P, IP, WB

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone RET-P1

Isotype IgG1

Target Name Rhodopsin

Species Rat

Immunogen Membrane preparation from adult rat retina.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names Rhodopsin; Opsin-2; CSNBAD1; RP4; OPN2

Application Instructions

Application Note FACS: 1µg for 106 cells

WB: 1 - 2 μg/ml IHC-P: 1/2 - 1/4

* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations

should be determined by the scientist.

Positive Control IMR-5 cells, brain or retina tissue sections.

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Protein G purified

Buffer 10mM PBS (pH 7.4), 0.2% BSA and 0.09% Sodium azide

Preservative 0.09% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 0.2% BSA

Concentration 0.2 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol Rho Gene Full Name rhodopsin

Background Retinitis pigmentosa is an inherited progressive disease which is a major cause of blindness in western

communities. It can be inherited as an autosomal dominant, autosomal recessive, or X-linked recessive disorder. In the autosomal dominant form, which comprises about 25% of total cases, approximately 30% of families have mutations in the gene encoding the rod photoreceptor-specific protein rhodopsin. This is the transmembrane protein which, when photoexcited, initiates the visual transduction cascade. Defects in this gene are also one of the causes of congenital stationary night blindness. [provided by RefSeq, Jul

20081

Function Photoreceptor required for image-forming vision at low light intensity. Required for photoreceptor cell

 $viability\ after\ birth.\ Light-induced\ isomerization\ of\ 11-cis\ to\ all-trans\ retinal\ triggers\ a\ conformational$

change leading to G-protein activation and release of all-trans retinal (By similarity). [UniProt]

Research Area Neuroscience antibody; Signaling Transduction antibody

Calculated Mw 39 kDa

PTM Phosphorylated on some or all of the serine and threonine residues present in the C-terminal region.

Contains one covalently linked retinal chromophore.