

Product datasheet

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ARG62535 anti-Lewis B antibody [LWB01(2-25LE)]

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody [LWB01 (2-25LE)] recognizes Lewis B

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application IHC-P

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone LWB01 (2-25LE)

Isotype IgG1
Target Name Lewis B
Species Human

Immunogen Human colorectal carcinoma cell line LS174T

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names leB; Major airway glycoprotein; Lewis B blood group antigen; Tracheobronchial mucin; mucin;

Mucin-5AC; LeB; MUC5; TBM; Gastric mucin; MUC-5AC; Mucin-5 subtype AC, tracheobronchial

Application Instructions

| Application table | Application | Dilution |
|-------------------|--|----------|
| | IHC-P | 1:400 |
| Application Note | * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist. | |
| Positive Control | Colon | |

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Purified Antibody

Buffer 1X PBS and 0.1% Sodium azide

Preservative 0.1% Sodium azide

Concentration 0.2 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links GeneID: 4586 Human

Gene Symbol MUC5AC

Gene Full Name mucin 5AC, oligomeric mucus/gel-forming

Function Gel-forming glycoprotein of gastric and respiratory tract epithelia that protects the mucosa from

infection and chemical damage by binding to inhaled microrganisms and particles that are subsequently

removed by the mucocilary system. [UniProt]

Research Area Cancer antibody; Signaling Transduction antibody

Calculated Mw 586 kDa

PTM C-, O- and N-glycosylated. O-glycosylated on the Thr-/Ser-rich tandem repeats. C-mannosylation in the

Cys-rich subdomains may be required for proper folding of these regions and for export from the

endoplasmic reticulum during biosynthesis.

Proteolytic cleavage in the C-terminal is initiated early in the secretory pathway and does not involve a

serine protease. The extent of cleavage is increased in the acidic parts of the secretory pathway.

Cleavage generates a reactive group which could link the protein to a primary amide.