

ARG58596 anti-NFATc1 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes NFATc1
Tested Reactivity	Hu
Tested Application	IHC-P, WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	lgG
Target Name	NFATc1
Species	Human
Immunogen	KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide between aa. 898-927 of Human NFATc1.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	NFATc1; NFAT transcription complex cytosolic component; NFAT2; NF-ATC; NF-ATc; NF-ATc1; Nuclear factor of activated T-cells, cytoplasmic 1; NFATc; NF-ATc1.2

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	IHC-P	1:10 - 1:50
	WB	1:1000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	NCI-H292	

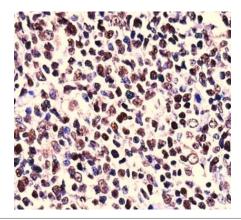
Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Purification with Protein A and immunogen peptide.
Buffer	PBS and 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide.
Preservative	0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

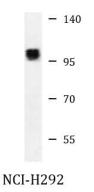
Gene Symbol	NFATC1
Gene Full Name	nuclear factor of activated T-cells, cytoplasmic, calcineurin-dependent 1
Background	The product of this gene is a component of the nuclear factor of activated T cells DNA-binding transcription complex. This complex consists of at least two components: a preexisting cytosolic component that translocates to the nucleus upon T cell receptor (TCR) stimulation, and an inducible nuclear component. Proteins belonging to this family of transcription factors play a central role in inducible gene transcription during immune response. The product of this gene is an inducible nuclear component. It functions as a major molecular target for the immunosuppressive drugs such as cyclosporin A. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been identified for this gene. Different isoforms of this protein may regulate inducible expression of different cytokine genes. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2013]
Function	Plays a role in the inducible expression of cytokine genes in T-cells, especially in the induction of the IL-2 or IL-4 gene transcription. Also controls gene expression in embryonic cardiac cells. Could regulate not only the activation and proliferation but also the differentiation and programmed death of T- lymphocytes as well as lymphoid and non-lymphoid cells. [UniProt]
Calculated Mw	101 kDa
РТМ	Phosphorylated by NFATC-kinase and GSK3B; phosphorylation induces NFATC1 nuclear exit and dephosphorylation by calcineurin promotes nuclear import. Phosphorylation by PKA and DYRK2 negatively modulates nuclear accumulation, and promotes subsequent phosphorylation by GSK3B or casein kinase 1. [UniProt]
Cellular Localization	Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Cytoplasmic for the phosphorylated form and nuclear after activation that is controlled by calcineurin-mediated dephosphorylation. Rapid nuclear exit of NFATC is thought to be one mechanism by which cells distinguish between sustained and transient calcium signals The subcellular localization of NFATC plays a key role in the regulation of gene transcription. [UniProt]

Images



ARG58596 anti-NFATc1 antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded Human tonsil tissue stained with ARG58596 anti-NFATc1 antibody.



ARG58596 anti-NFATc1 antibody WB image

Western blot: 35 μg of NCI-H292 cell lysate stained with ARG58596 anti-NFATc1 antibody.