

ARG58548 anti-Cystatin SN antibody

Package: 50 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

abbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes Cystatin SN
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G
ystatin SN
uman
nthetic peptide around the Middle region of Human Cystatin SN. (within the following sequence: ISEYNKATKDDYYRRPLRVLRARQQTVGGVNYFFDVEVGRTICTKSQPN)
n-conjugated
alivary cystatin-SA-1; Cystain-SA-I; Cystatin-1; Cystatin-SN

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	1 µg/ml
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recomm should be determined by the sci	ended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations entist.

Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purified.
Buffer	PBS, 0.09% (w/v) Sodium azide and 2% Sucrose.
Preservative	0.09% (w/v) Sodium azide
Stabilizer	2% Sucrose
Concentration	Batch dependent: 0.5 - 1 mg/ml
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol	CST1
Gene Full Name	cystatin SN
Background	The cystatin superfamily encompasses proteins that contain multiple cystatin-like sequences. Some of the members are active cysteine protease inhibitors, while others have lost or perhaps never acquired this inhibitory activity. There are three inhibitory families in the superfamily, including the type 1 cystatins (stefins), type 2 cystatins and the kininogens. The type 2 cystatin proteins are a class of cysteine proteinase inhibitors found in a variety of human fluids and secretions, where they appear to provide protective functions. The cystatin locus on chromosome 20 contains the majority of the type 2 cystatin genes and pseudogenes. This gene is located in the cystatin locus and encodes a cysteine proteinase inhibitor found in saliva, tears, urine, and seminal fluid. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Function	Human saliva appears to contain several cysteine proteinase inhibitors that are immunologically related to cystatin S but that differ in their specificity due to amino acid sequence differences. Cystatin SN, with a pl of 7.5, is a much better inhibitor of papain and dipeptidyl peptidase I than is cystatin S, although both inhibit ficin equally well. [UniProt]
Calculated Mw	16 kDa

Images

