

ARG58367 anti-ATP1A4 / Na⁺ K⁺ ATPase alpha 4 antibody

Package: 100 µl
Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes ATP1A4 / Na ⁺ K ⁺ ATPase alpha 4
Tested Reactivity	Ms, Rat
Tested Application	WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	ATP1A4 / Na ⁺ K ⁺ ATPase alpha 4
Species	Human
Immunogen	Recombinant fusion protein corresponding to aa. 1-90 of Human ATP1A4 (NP_653300.2).
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	Sodium pump subunit alpha-4; Sodium/potassium-transporting ATPase subunit alpha-4; ATP1AL2; EC 3.6.3.9; ATP1A1; Na ⁺ K ⁺ ATPase alpha 4; Na K ATPase alpha 4; sodium potassium ATPase alpha 4; ATPase Na ⁺ K ⁺ alpha 4; ATPase Na K alpha 4; ATPase sodium potassium alpha 4

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	Mouse testis	
Observed Size	100 kDa	

Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purified.
Buffer	PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide
Stabilizer	50% Glycerol
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol	ATP1A4
Gene Full Name	ATPase, Na ⁺ /K ⁺ transporting, alpha 4 polypeptide
Background	The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the family of P-type cation transport ATPases, and to the subfamily of Na ⁺ /K ⁺ -ATPases. Na ⁺ /K ⁺ -ATPase is an integral membrane protein responsible for establishing and maintaining the electrochemical gradients of Na and K ions across the plasma membrane. These gradients are essential for osmoregulation, for sodium-coupled transport of a variety of organic and inorganic molecules, and for electrical excitability of nerve and muscle. This enzyme is composed of two subunits, a large catalytic subunit (alpha) and a smaller glycoprotein subunit (beta). The catalytic subunit of Na ⁺ /K ⁺ -ATPase is encoded by multiple genes. This gene encodes an alpha 4 subunit. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Function	This is the catalytic component of the active enzyme, which catalyzes the hydrolysis of ATP coupled with the exchange of sodium and potassium ions across the plasma membrane. This action creates the electrochemical gradient of sodium and potassium ions, providing the energy for active transport of various nutrients. Plays a role in sperm motility. [UniProt]
Calculated Mw	114 kDa
Cellular Localization	Cell membrane, Multi-pass membrane protein. [UniProt]

Images

