

## Product datasheet

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# ARG58043 anti-CD197 / CCR7 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

## **Summary**

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes CD197 / CCR7

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat

Tested Application ICC/IF, IHC-P, IP, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name CD197 / CCR7

Species Human

Immunogen Synthetic peptide derived from Human CD197 / CCR7.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names C-C chemokine receptor type 7; CD197; CD antigen CD197; CCR-7; BLR2; CMKBR7; C-C CKR-7;

MIP-3 beta receptor; EBV-induced G-protein coupled receptor 1; EBI1; Epstein-Barr virus-induced G-

protein coupled receptor 1; CDw197

## **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ICC/IF	1:50 - 1:200
	IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200
	IP	1:50
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	Daudi and MCF-7	
Observed Size	~ 42 kDa	

## **Properties**

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purified.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.4), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

Gene Symbol CCR7

Gene Full Name chemokine (C-C motif) receptor 7

Background The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the G protein-coupled receptor family. This receptor

was identified as a gene induced by the Epstein-Barr virus (EBV), and is thought to be a mediator of EBV effects on B lymphocytes. This receptor is expressed in various lymphoid tissues and activates B and T lymphocytes. It has been shown to control the migration of memory T cells to inflamed tissues, as well as stimulate dendritic cell maturation. The chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 19 (CCL19/ECL) has been reported to be a specific ligand of this receptor. Signals mediated by this receptor regulate T cell homeostasis in lymph nodes, and may also function in the activation and polarization of T cells, and in chronic inflammation pathogenesis. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript

variants. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2014]

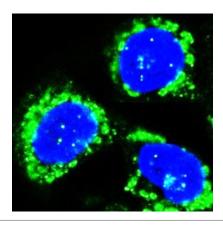
Function Receptor for the MIP-3-beta chemokine. Probable mediator of EBV effects on B-lymphocytes or of

normal lymphocyte functions. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 43 kDa

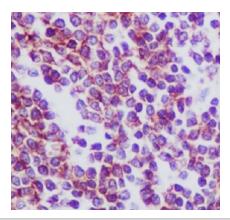
Cellular Localization Cell membrane > Multi-pass membrane protein. [UniProt]

### **Images**



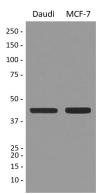
#### ARG58043 anti-CD197 / CCR7 antibody ICC/IF image

Immunofluorescence: HeLa cells stained with ARG58043 anti-CD197 / CCR7 antibody (green). DAPI (blue) nuclear stain.



#### ARG58043 anti-CD197 / CCR7 antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Human spleen tissue stained with ARG58043 anti-CD197 / CCR7 antibody.



## ARG58043 anti-CD197 / CCR7 antibody WB image

Western blot: Daudi and MCF-7 cell lysates stained with ARG58043 anti-CD197 / CCR7 antibody.