

# Product datasheet

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# ARG57989 anti-RUNX2 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

## Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes RUNX2

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms
Predict Reactivity Rat

Tested Application ICC/IF, IHC-P

Host Rabbit

**Clonality** Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name RUNX2
Species Human

Immunogen Synthetic peptide derived from Human RUNX2.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names OSF2; Core-binding factor subunit alpha-1; CLCD; AML3; Acute myeloid leukemia 3 protein;

Polyomavirus enhancer-binding protein 2 alpha A subunit; CBFA1; SL3/AKV core-binding factor alpha A subunit; PEA2aA; Osteoblast-specific transcription factor 2; SL3-3 enhancer factor 1 alpha A subunit; PEBP2-alpha A; Oncogene AML-3; CBF-alpha-1; CCD; PEBP2aA; CCD1; OSF-2; PEA2-alpha A; Runt-

related transcription factor 2

### **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ICC/IF	1:50 - 1:200
	IHC-P	1:100 - 1:500
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

### **Properties**

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purified.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.4), 150mM NaCl, 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

#### Bioinformation

Gene Symbol RUNX2

Gene Full Name runt-related transcription factor 2

Background This gene is a member of the RUNX family of transcription factors and encodes a nuclear protein with

an Runt DNA-binding domain. This protein is essential for osteoblastic differentiation and skeletal morphogenesis and acts as a scaffold for nucleic acids and regulatory factors involved in skeletal gene expression. The protein can bind DNA both as a monomer or, with more affinity, as a subunit of a heterodimeric complex. Mutations in this gene have been associated with the bone development disorder cleidocranial dysplasia (CCD). Transcript variants that encode different protein isoforms result

from the use of alternate promoters as well as alternate splicing. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Transcription factor involved in osteoblastic differentiation and skeletal morphogenesis. Essential for the maturation of osteoblasts and both intramembranous and endochondral ossification. CBF binds to the core site, 5'-PYGPYGGT-3', of a number of enhancers and promoters, including murine leukemia virus, polyomavirus enhancer, T-cell receptor enhancers, osteocalcin, osteopontin, bone sialoprotein, alpha 1(I) collagen, LCK, IL-3 and GM-CSF promoters. In osteoblasts, supports transcription activation: synergizes with SPEN/MINT to enhance FGFR2-mediated activation of the osteocalcin FGF-responsive element (OCFRE) (By similarity). Inhibits KAT6B-dependent transcriptional activation. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 57 kDa

PTM Phosphorylated; probably by MAP kinases (MAPK). Phosphorylation by HIPK3 is required for the

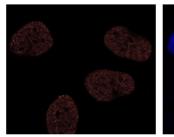
SPEN/MINT and FGF2 transactivation during osteoblastic differentiation (By similarity). Phosphorylation at Ser-451 by CDK1 promotes endothelial cell proliferation required for tumor angiogenesis probably by

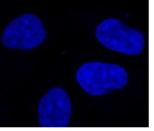
facilitating cell cycle progression. Isoform 3 is phosphorylated on Ser-340. [UniProt]

Cellular Localization Nucleus. [UniProt]

# **Images**

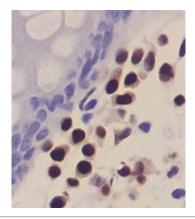
**Function** 





#### ARG57989 anti-RUNX2 antibody ICC/IF image

Immunofluorescence: Saos-2 cells stained with ARG57989 anti-RUNX2 antibody (red). DAPI (blue) for nuclear staining.



#### ARG57989 anti-RUNX2 antibody IHC-P image

 $Immun ohistochem is try: Paraffin-embedded\ Human\ colon\ stained\ with\ ARG57989\ anti-RUNX2\ antibody.$