

ARG56066 anti-Neurofilament NF-L antibody [NR-4]

Package: 50 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Mouse Monoclonal antibody [NR-4] recognizes Neurofilament NF-L
Tested Reactivity	Hu, Rat
Tested Application	FACS, ICC/IF, IHC-P
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone	NR-4
Isotype	lgG1
Target Name	Neurofilament NF-L
Species	Pig
Immunogen	Crude neurofilament preparation from Pig spinal cord.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	Neurofilament triplet L protein; 68 kDa neurofilament protein; CMT1F; NF68; NFL; CMT2E; Neurofilament light polypeptide; NF-L; PPP1R110

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	1 - 2 μg/10^6 cells
	ICC/IF	1 - 2 μg/ml
	IHC-P	0.5 - 1 μg/ml
Application Note	cooling at RT for 20 min.	ssue section in 10 mM Citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 10-20 min, followed by nended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations

should be determined by the scientist.

Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Purification with Protein G.
Buffer	PBS (pH 7.4), 0.05% Sodium azide and 0.1 mg/ml BSA
Preservative	0.05% Sodium azide
Stabilizer	0.1 mg/ml BSA
Concentration	0.2 mg/ml
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated

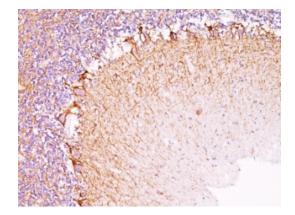
freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note

For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

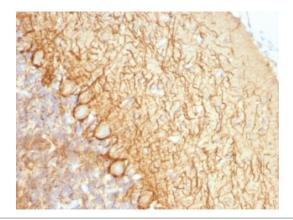
Bioinformation

Database links	GenelD: 4747 Human
	GenelD: 83613 Rat
	Swiss-port # P07196 Human
	Swiss-port # P19527 Rat
Gene Symbol	NEFL
Gene Full Name	neurofilament, light polypeptide
Background	Neurofilaments are type IV intermediate filament heteropolymers composed of light, medium, and heavy chains. Neurofilaments comprise the axoskeleton and they functionally maintain the neuronal caliber. They may also play a role in intracellular transport to axons and dendrites. This gene encodes the light chain neurofilament protein. Mutations in this gene cause Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease types 1F (CMT1F) and 2E (CMT2E), disorders of the peripheral nervous system that are characterized by distinct neuropathies. A pseudogene has been identified on chromosome Y. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2008]
Function	Neurofilaments usually contain three intermediate filament proteins: L, M, and H which are involved in the maintenance of neuronal caliber. [UniProt]
Highlight	Related products: <u>Neurofilament NF L antibodies; Neurofilament NF L Duos / Panels; Anti-Mouse IgG secondary</u> <u>antibodies;</u> Related news: <u>Neuronal Development Marker</u>
Research Area	Controls and Markers antibody; Developmental Biology antibody; Neuroscience antibody; Signaling Transduction antibody; Neuronal Cytoskeletal antibody; Neurofilament antibody; Intermediate Neurofilament antibody
Calculated Mw	62 kDa
PTM	O-glycosylated. Phosphorylated in the head and rod regions by the PKC kinase PKN1, leading to the inhibition of polymerization. Ubiquitinated in the presence of TRIM2 and UBE2D1.
Cellular Localization	Cytoplasmic



ARG56066 anti-Neurofilament NF-L antibody [NR-4] IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded Human cerebellum stained with ARG56066 anti-Neurofilament NF-L antibody [NR-4].



ARG56066 anti-Neurofilament NF-L antibody [NR-4] IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded Rat cerebellum stained with ARG56066 anti-Neurofilament NF-L antibody [NR-4].