

# Product datasheet

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## ARG54692 anti-CD4 antibody [9H5A8]

Package: 50 μg Store at: -20°C

#### **Summary**

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody [9H5A8] recognizes CD4

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat
Tested Application ELISA, WB
Host Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal
Clone 9H5A8

Isotype IgG1
Target Name CD4

Species Human

Immunogen Recombinant protein (193 aa) near the N-terminus of Human CD4.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names CD4mut; CD antigen CD4; T-cell surface glycoprotein CD4; T-cell surface antigen T4/Leu-3

### **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ELISA	Assay-dependent
	WB	0.5 - 1 μg/ml
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	Human Thymus Tissue Lysate	

### **Properties**

Form Liquid

**Purification** Affinity purification with immunogen.

Buffer PBS and 0.02% Sodium azide

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

Gene Symbol Gene Full Name Background

**Function** 

CD4

CD4 molecule

CD4 is a membrane glycoprotein of T lymphocytes that interacts with major histocompatibility complex class II antigenes and is also a receptor for the human immunodeficiency virus. This gene is expressed not only in T lymphocytes, but also in B cells, macrophages, and granulocytes. It is also expressed in specific regions of the brain. The protein functions to initiate or augment the early phase of T-cell activation, and may function as an important mediator of indirect neuronal damage in infectious and immune-mediated diseases of the central nervous system. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding

different isoforms have been identified in this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2010]

CD4 is an integral membrane glycoprotein that plays an essential role in the immune response and serves multiple functions in responses against both external and internal offenses. In T-cells, functions primarily as a coreceptor for MHC class II molecule:peptide complex. The antigens presented by class II peptides are derived from extracellular proteins while class I peptides are derived from cytosolic proteins. Interacts simultaneously with the T-cell receptor (TCR) and the MHC class II presented by antigen presenting cells (APCs). In turn, recruits the Src kinase LCK to the vicinity of the TCR-CD3 complex. LCK then initiates different intracellular signaling pathways by phosphorylating various substrates ultimately leading to lymphokine production, motility, adhesion and activation of T-helper cells. In other cells such as macrophages or NK cells, plays a role in differentiation/activation, cytokine expression and cell migration in a TCR/LCK-independent pathway. Participates in the development of T-helper cells in the thymus and triggers the differentiation of monocytes into functional mature macrophages. [UniProt]

riggers the differentiation of monocytes into functional mature macrophages. [Or

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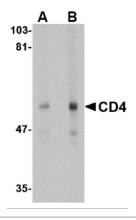
Research Area Developmental Biology antibody; Immune System antibody; Regulatory T cells Study antibody; T-cell

infiltration Study antibody; Tumor-infiltrating Lymphocyte Study antibody

Calculated Mw 51 kDa

PTM Palmitoylation and association with LCK contribute to the enrichment of CD4 in lipid rafts.

#### **Images**



#### ARG54692 anti-CD4 antibody [9H5A8] WB image

Western blot: human thymus tissue lysate stained with ARG54692 anti-CD4 antibody [9H5A8] at (A) 0.5 and (B) 1 ug/ml dilution.