

Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

ARG43882 anti-Renin antibody

Package: 50 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes Renin

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat

Tested Application ELISA, IHC-P, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Target Name Renin

Species Human

Immunogen Human Renin recombinant protein

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names REN; Renin; Angiotensinogenase; EC 3.4.23.15; Angiotensin-Forming Enzyme; Renin Precursor, Renal;

EC 3.4.23; ADTKD4; HNFJ2; RTD

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ELISA	0.1-0.5 μg/ml
	IHC-P	2-5 μg/ml
	WB	0.25-0.5 μg/ml
• •	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form Liquid

Buffer 0.9% NaCl, 0.2% Na2HPO4 and 4% Trehalose.

Stabilizer 4% Trehalose

Concentration 0.5 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol REN

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Gene Full Name renin

Background

This gene encodes renin, an aspartic protease that is secreted by the kidneys. Renin is a part of the renin-angiotensin-aldosterone system involved in regulation of blood pressure, and electrolyte balance.

This enzyme catalyzes the first step in the activation pathway of angiotensinogen by cleaving angiotensinogen to form angiotensin I, which is then converted to angiotensin II by angiotensin I converting enzyme. This cascade can result in aldosterone release, narrowing of blood vessels, and increase in blood pressure as angiotension II is a vasoconstrictive peptide. Transcript variants that encode different protein isoforms and that arise from alternative splicing and the use of alternative promoters have been described, but their full-length nature has not been determined. Mutations in this

 $gene\ have\ been\ shown\ to\ cause\ hyperuricemic\ nephropathy\ familial\ juvenile\ 2,\ familial$

hyperproreninemia, and renal tubular dysgenesis.

Function Renin is a highly specific endopeptidase, whose only known function is to generate angiotensin I from

angiotensinogen in the plasma, initiating a cascade of reactions that produce an elevation of blood

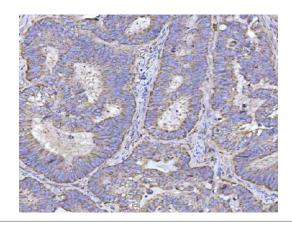
pressure and increased sodium retention by the kidney.

Calculated Mw 45 kDa

PTM Cleavage on pair of basic residues, Disulfide bond, Glycoprotein, Zymogen

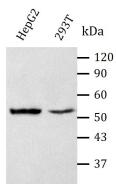
Cellular Localization Membrane, Secreted

Images



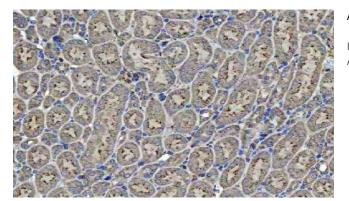
ARG43882 anti-Renin antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Human colorectal adenocarcinoma stained with ARG43882 anti-Renin antibody at 2 $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$ dilution.



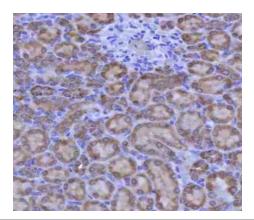
ARG43882 anti-Renin antibody WB image

Western blot: HepG2 and 293T stained with ARG43882 anti-Renin antibody at 1:5000 dilution.



ARG43882 anti-Renin antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Mouse kidney adenocarcinoma stained with ARG43882 anti-Renin antibody at 2 μ g/ml dilution.



ARG43882 anti-Renin antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Rat colorectal adenocarcinoma stained with ARG43882 anti-Renin antibody at 2 μ g/ml dilution.