

ARG43878 anti-Caspr2 antibody

Package: 50 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes Caspr2
Tested Reactivity	Ms, Rat
Predict Reactivity	Hu
Tested Application	ELISA, WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Target Name	CNTNAP2
Species	Human
Immunogen	Human Caspr2 recombinant protein
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	CNTNAP2; Contactin Associated Protein 2; KIAA0868; NRXN4; Contactin Associated Protein Like 2; Contactin-Associated Protein-Like 2; Cell Recognition Molecule Caspr2; Caspr2; CASPR2; Homolog Of Drosophila Neurexin IV; AUTS15; PTHSL1; CDFE

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ELISA	0.1-0.5 μg/ml
	WB	0.25-0.5 μg/ml
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recomme	ended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations

Properties

Form	Liquid
Buffer	0.9% NaCl, 0.2% Na2HPO4 and 4% Trehalose.
Stabilizer	4% Trehalose
Concentration	0.5 mg/ml
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol	CNTNAP2
Gene Full Name	Contactin Associated Protein 2
Background	This gene encodes a member of the neurexin family which functions in the vertebrate nervous system as cell adhesion molecules and receptors. This protein, like other neurexin proteins, contains epidermal growth factor repeats and laminin G domains. In addition, it includes an F5/8 type C domain, discoidin/neuropilin- and fibrinogen-like domains, thrombospondin N-terminal-like domains and a putative PDZ binding site. This protein is localized at the juxtaparanodes of myelinated axons, and mediates interactions between neurons and glia during nervous system development and is also involved in localization of potassium channels within differentiating axons. This gene encompasses almost 1.5% of chromosome 7 and is one of the largest genes in the human genome. It is directly bound and regulated by forkhead box protein P2, a transcription factor related to speech and language development. This gene has been implicated in multiple neurodevelopmental disorders, including Gilles de la Tourette syndrome, schizophrenia, epilepsy, autism, ADHD and intellectual disability.
Function	Required for gap junction formation (Probable). Required, with CNTNAP1, for radial and longitudinal organization of myelinated axons. Plays a role in the formation of functional distinct domains critical for saltatory conduction of nerve impulses in myelinated nerve fibers. Demarcates the juxtaparanodal region of the axo-glial junction.
Calculated Mw	148 kDa
PTM	Disulfide bond, Glycoprotein, Phosphoprotein
Cellular Localization	Cell junction, Cell projection, Membrane

Images



ARG43878 anti-Caspr2 antibody WB image

Western blot: Rat brain and Mouse brain stained with ARG43878 anti-Caspr2 antibody at 1:5000 dilution.