

ARG43636 anti-PASD1 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes PASD1
Tested Reactivity	Hu
Tested Application	WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
lsotype	lgG
Target Name	PASD1
Species	Human
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide within a.a 280-350 of Human PASD1.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	Cancer/testis antigen 63; OX-TES-1; OXTES1; CT63; PAS domain-containing protein 1

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	1:500 - 1:1000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Observed Size	~ 87 kDa	

Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Purification with Protein A and immunogen peptide.
Buffer	PBS and 0.09% Sodium azide.
Preservative	0.09% Sodium azide
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

PASD1

Gene Full Name	PAS domain containing 1
Background	This gene encodes a protein that is thought to function as a transcription factor. The protein is a cancer- associated antigen that can stimulate autologous T-cell responses, and it is therefore considered to be a potential immunotherapeutic target for the treatment of various hematopoietic malignancies, including diffuse large B-cell lymphoma. [provided by RefSeq, May 2010]
Function	Functions as a suppressor of the biological clock that drives the daily circadian rhythms of cells throughout the body (PubMed:25936801). Acts as a nuclear repressor of the CLOCK-BMAL1 heterodimer-mediated transcriptional activation of the core clock components (PubMed:25936801). Inhibits circadian clock function in cancer cells, when overexpressed (PubMed:25936801). [UniProt]
Calculated Mw	Isoform 1: 87 kDa Isoform 2: 73 kDa
Cellular Localization	Nucleus