

## ARG43605 anti-FOSL1 / FRA1 antibody

Package: 100 µl  
Store at: -20°C

### Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes FOSL1 / FRA1
Tested Reactivity	Hu, Ms, Rat
Tested Application	WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	FOSL1 / FRA1
Species	Human
Immunogen	Purified recombinant protein corresponding to N-terminal of human FOSL1 / FRA1.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	Fos-related antigen 1; FRA; FRA-1; fra-1; FRA1

### Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Observed Size	40 kDa	

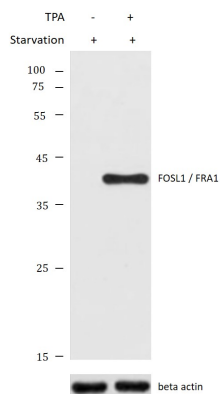
### Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purified.
Buffer	PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide
Stabilizer	50% Glycerol
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

### Bioinformation

Background	The Fos gene family consists of 4 members: FOS, FOSB, FOSL1, and FOSL2. These genes encode leucine zipper proteins that can dimerize with proteins of the JUN family, thereby forming the transcription factor complex AP-1. As such, the FOS proteins have been implicated as regulators of cell proliferation, differentiation, and transformation. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Research Area	Gene Regulation antibody
Calculated Mw	29 kDa

## Images



ARG43605 anti-FOSL1 / FRA1 antibody WB image

Western blot: 25 µg of HeLa cells treated by PMA/TPA (200 nM) for 15 minutes at 37°C after serum-starvation overnight. The blot was stained with ARG43605 anti-FOSL1 / FRA1 antibody at 1:1000 dilution.