

ARG43405 anti-METTL16 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes METTL16
Tested Reactivity	Hu, Ms, Rat
Tested Application	ICC/IF, IHC-P, IP, WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	lgG
Target Name	METTL16
Species	Human
Immunogen	Recombinant fusion protein corresponding to aa. 263-562 of Human METTL16 (NP_076991.3).
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	Methyltransferase 10 domain-containing protein; METT10D; Methyltransferase-like protein 16; EC 2.1.1

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ICC/IF	1:50 - 1:200
	IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200
	IP	1:50 - 1:200
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	A549	
Observed Size	~ 74 kDa	

Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purified.
Buffer	PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide
Stabilizer	50% Glycerol
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw

Note

For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol	METTL16
Gene Full Name	methyltransferase like 16
Function	RNA N6-methyltransferase that methylates adenosine residues at the N(6) position of a subset of RNAs and is involved in S-adenosyl-L-methionine homeostasis by regulating expression of MAT2A transcripts (PubMed:28525753, PubMed:30197299, PubMed:30197297). Able to N6-methylate a subset of mRNAs and U6 small nuclear RNAs (U6 snRNAs) (PubMed:28525753). In contrast to the METTL3-METTL14 heterodimer, only able to methylate a limited number of RNAs: requires both a 5'UACAGAGAA-3' nonamer sequence and a specific RNA structure (PubMed:28525753, PubMed:30197299, PubMed:30197297). Plays a key role in S-adenosyl-L-methionine homeostasis by mediating N6-methylation of MAT2A mRNAs, altering splicing and/or stability of MAT2A transcripts: in presence of S-adenosyl-L-methionine, binds the 3'-UTR region of MAT2A mRNA and specifically N6-methylates the first hairpin of MAT2A mRNA, impairing MAT2A expression (PubMed:28525753). In S-adenosyl-L- methionine-limiting conditions, binds the 3'-UTR region of MAT2A mRNA but stalls due to the lack of a methyl donor, preventing N6-methylation and promoting expression of MAT2A (PubMed:28525753). In addition to mRNAs, also able to mediate N6-methylation of U6 small nuclear RNA (U6 snRNA): specifically N6-methylates adenine in position 43 of U6 snRNAs (PubMed:28525753, PubMed:29051200). Also able to bind various lncRNAs (PubMed:29051200). Specifically binds the 3'-end of the MALAT1 long non-coding RNA (PubMed:27872311). [UniProt]
Calculated Mw	64 kDa
Cellular Localization	Nucleus. [UniProt]

Images



ARG43405 anti-METTL16 antibody ICC/IF image

Immunofluorescence: C6 cells stained with ARG43405 anti-METTL16 antibody at 1:100 dilution.



ARG43405 anti-METTL16 antibody WB image

Western blot: 25 μg of A549 cell lysate stained with ARG43405 anti-METTL16 antibody at 1:1000 dilution.



ARG43405 anti-METTL16 antibody IP image

Immunoprecipitation: 300 μg extracts of LNCaP cells were immunoprecipitated and stained with ARG43405 anti-METTL16 antibody at 1:1000 dilution.



ARG43405 anti-METTL16 antibody WB image

Western blot: 25 μg of Rat testis lysate stained with ARG43405 anti-METTL16 antibody at 1:1000 dilution.