

# Product datasheet

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ARG42527 anti-RAB31 antibody

Package: 100 μg Store at: -20°C

# Summary

Product Description Goat Polyclonal antibody recognizes RAB31

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat, Dog, Mk

Tested Application WB
Host Goat

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name RAB31
Species Mouse

Immunogen Purified recombinant peptide within aa. 95 to the C-terminus of Mouse RAB31.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names Rab22B; Ras-related protein Rab-22B; Ras-related protein Rab-31

## **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	1:250 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	Primary RPE cells	
Observed Size	~ 25 kDa	

### **Properties**

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purification with immunogen.

Buffer PBS, 0.05% Sodium azide and 20% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.05% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 20% Glycerol

Concentration 3 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

Gene Symbol RAB31

Gene Full Name RAB31, member RAS oncogene family

Background Small GTP-binding proteins of the RAB family, such as RAB31, play essential roles in vesicle and granule

targeting (Bao et al., 2002 [PubMed 11784320]).[supplied by OMIM, Jul 2009]

Function The small GTPases Rab are key regulators of intracellular membrane trafficking, from the formation of

transport vesicles to their fusion with membranes. Rabs cycle between an inactive GDP-bound form and an active GTP-bound form that is able to recruit to membranes different set of downstream effectors directly responsible for vesicle formation, movement, tethering and fusion. Required for the integrity and for normal function of the Golgi apparatus and the trans-Golgi network. Plays a role in insulin-stimulated translocation of GLUT4 to the cell membrane. Plays a role in M6PR transport from the trans-Golgi network to endosomes. Plays a role in the internalization of EGFR from the cell membrane into endosomes. Plays a role in the maturation of phagosomes that engulf pathogens, such

as S.aureus and M.tuberculosis. [UniProt]

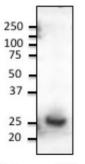
Calculated Mw 22 kDa

Cellular Localization Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network. Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network membrane; Lipid-anchor;

Cytoplasmic side. Early endosome. Cytoplasmic vesicle, phagosome. Cytoplasmic vesicle, phagosome membrane; Lipid-anchor; Cytoplasmic side. Note=Rapidly recruited to phagosomes containing S.aureus

or M.tuberculosis (PubMed:21255211). [UniProt]

## **Images**



Primary RPE cells

#### ARG42527 anti-RAB31 antibody WB image

Western blot: Primary RPE cell lysate stained with ARG42527 anti-RAB31 antibody at 1:1000 dilution.