

ARG42016 anti-LIPE / HS antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

| Product Description | Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes LIPE / HS |
|---------------------|--|
| Tested Reactivity | Hu, Ms, Rat |
| Tested Application | WB |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Isotype | IgG |
| Target Name | LIPE / HS |
| Species | Human |
| Immunogen | Synthetic peptide within aa. 900-1000 of Human LIPE (NP_005348.2). |
| Conjugation | Un-conjugated |
| Alternate Names | EC 3.1.1.79; AOMS4; HSL; LHS; Hormone-sensitive lipase; FPLD6 |

Application Instructions

| Application table | Application | Dilution |
|-------------------|--|----------------|
| | WB | 1:500 - 1:2000 |
| Application Note | * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist. | |
| Positive Control | 293T | |
| Observed Size | ~ 85 kDa | |

Properties

| Form | Liquid |
|---------------------|---|
| Purification | Affinity purified. |
| Buffer | PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol. |
| Preservative | 0.02% Sodium azide |
| Stabilizer | 50% Glycerol |
| Storage instruction | For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use. |
| Note | For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use. |

Bioinformation

| Gene Symbol | LIPE |
|-----------------------|--|
| Gene Full Name | lipase, hormone-sensitive |
| Background | The protein encoded by this gene has a long and a short form, generated by use of alternative translational start codons. The long form is expressed in steroidogenic tissues such as testis, where it converts cholesteryl esters to free cholesterol for steroid hormone production. The short form is expressed in adipose tissue, among others, where it hydrolyzes stored triglycerides to free fatty acids. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008] |
| Function | In adipose tissue and heart, it primarily hydrolyzes stored triglycerides to free fatty acids, while in steroidogenic tissues, it principally converts cholesteryl esters to free cholesterol for steroid hormone production. [UniProt] |
| Calculated Mw | Isoform 1: 117 kDa Isoform 2: 84 kDa |
| PTM | Phosphorylation by AMPK may block translocation to lipid droplets. [UniProt] |
| Cellular Localization | Cell membrane. Membrane, caveola. Cytoplasm, cytosol. Note=Found in the high-density caveolae. Translocates to the cytoplasm from the caveolae upon insulin stimulation. [UniProt] |

Images

