

### ARG41285 anti-Renin antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

## Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes Renin
Tested Reactivity	Hu, Ms, Rat
Tested Application	IHC-P, WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	Renin
Species	Human
Immunogen	Recombinant fusion protein corresponding to aa. 24-160 of Human Renin (NP_000528.1).
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	EC 3.4.23.15; Angiotensinogenase; HNFJ2; Renin

## **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	SKOV3	
Observed Size	45 kDa	

# Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purified.
Buffer	PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide
Stabilizer	50% Glycerol
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

## Bioinformation

Gene Symbol	REN
Gene Full Name	renin
Background	Renin catalyzes the first step in the activation pathway of angiotensinogena cascade that can result in aldosterone release,vasoconstriction, and increase in blood pressure. Renin, an aspartyl protease, cleaves angiotensinogen to form angiotensin I, which is converted to angiotensin II by angiotensin I converting enzyme, an important regulator of blood pressure and electrolyte balance. Transcript variants that encode different protein isoforms and that arise from alternative splicing and the use of alternative promoters have been described, but their full-length nature has not been determined. Mutations in this gene have been shown to cause familial hyperproreninemia. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Function	Renin is a highly specific endopeptidase, whose only known function is to generate angiotensin I from angiotensinogen in the plasma, initiating a cascade of reactions that produce an elevation of blood pressure and increased sodium retention by the kidney. [UniProt]
Calculated Mw	45 kDa
Cellular Localization	Secreted. Membrane. Note=Associated to membranes via binding to ATP6AP2. [UniProt]

#### Images

