

# Product datasheet

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# ARG40670 anti-CD71 / Transferrin Receptor antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

### **Summary**

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes CD71 / Transferrin Receptor

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms

Tested Application FACS, IHC-P, WB

Host Rabbit

**Clonality** Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name CD71 / Transferrin Receptor

Species Human

Immunogen Synthetic peptide derived from Human CD71 / Transferrin Receptor.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names TFR1; CD antigen CD71; CD71; T9; p90; TR; Trfr; Transferrin receptor protein 1; TRFR; sTfR; TfR1; TfR;

TFR

## **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	1:50
	IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

#### **Properties**

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purified.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.4), 150 mM NaCl, 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

Gene Symbol TFRC

Gene Full Name transferrin receptor

Background This gene encodes a cell surface receptor necessary for cellular iron uptake by the process of receptor-

mediated endocytosis. This receptor is required for erythropoiesis and neurologic development.

Multiple alternatively spliced variants have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2015]

Function Cellular uptake of iron occurs via receptor-mediated endocytosis of ligand-occupied transferrin

receptor into specialized endosomes. Endosomal acidification leads to iron release. The apotransferrinreceptor complex is then recycled to the cell surface with a return to neutral pH and the concomitant loss of affinity of apotransferrin for its receptor. Transferrin receptor is necessary for development of erythrocytes and the nervous system (By similarity). A second ligand, the heditary hemochromatosis protein HFE, competes for binding with transferrin for an overlapping C-terminal binding site. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 85 kDa

PTM N- and O-glycosylated, phosphorylated and palmitoylated. The serum form is only glycosylated.

Proteolytically cleaved on Arg-100 to produce the soluble serum form (sTfR).

Palmitoylated on both Cys-62 and Cys-67. Cys-62 seems to be the major site of palmitoylation.

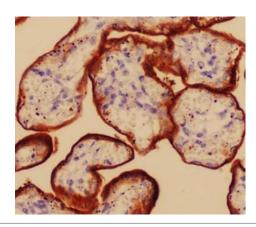
[UniProt]

Cell membrane; Single-pass type II membrane protein. Melanosome. Note=Identified by mass

spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV. Transferrin receptor protein 1, serum

form: Secreted. [UniProt]

#### **Images**



#### ARG40670 anti-CD71 / Transferrin Receptor antibody IHC-P image

 $Immun ohist ochemistry: Paraffin-embedded\ Human\ placenta\ tissue\ stained\ with\ ARG40670\ anti-CD71\ /\ Transferrin\ Receptor\ antibody.$ 



### ARG40670 anti-CD71 / Transferrin Receptor antibody WB image

Western blot: HeLa cell lysate stained with ARG40670 anti-CD71 / Transferrin Receptor antibody.