

# ARG23533 anti-CD321 / JAM1 antibody [H202-106]

Package: 100 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary	
Product Description	Rat Monoclonal antibody [H202-106] recognizes CD321 / JAM1. Rat anti Mouse CD321 antibody, clone H202-106 recognizes murine CD321, which is also known as junctional adhesion molecule 1 (JAM-1). CD321 is a 32-41kD glycoprotein, which shares similarities with related proteins JAM-2 and JAM-3. CD321 is a multifunctional protein that is primarily expressed by platelets, endothelial and epithelial cells. The CD321 protein co-localises with tight junction molecules in both epithelial and endothelial cells and plays an important role in the regulation of junctional integrity and permeability. In addition, CD321 is a ligand for the integrin LFA-1 and is also involved in the transmigration of leucocytes.
Tested Reactivity	Ms
Tested Application	FACS, IHC-Fr, IP
Host	Rat
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone	H202-106
Isotype	lgG1
Target Name	CD321 / JAM1
Species	Mouse
Immunogen	MTE1/MTE2 stromal cell lines.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	JAM-1; JAM1; Junctional adhesion molecule A; CD antigen CD321; JCAM; JAM-A; Junctional adhesion molecule 1; PAM-1; JAM; JAMA; KAT; Platelet F11 receptor; Platelet adhesion molecule 1; CD321

## **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	1:100 - 1:200
	IHC-Fr	Assay-dependent
	IP	Assay-dependent
Application Note	FACS: Use 10 $\mu$ l of the suggested working dilution to label 10^6 cells in 100 $\mu$ l. * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

## Properties

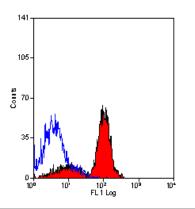
Form	Liquid
Purification	Purification with Protein G.
Buffer	PBS and 0.09% Sodium azide.

Preservative	0.09% Sodium azide
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

## Bioinformation

Gene Symbol	F11R
Gene Full Name	F11 receptor
Background	Tight junctions represent one mode of cell-to-cell adhesion in epithelial or endothelial cell sheets, forming continuous seals around cells and serving as a physical barrier to prevent solutes and water from passing freely through the paracellular space. The protein encoded by this immunoglobulin superfamily gene member is an important regulator of tight junction assembly in epithelia. In addition, the encoded protein can act as (1) a receptor for reovirus, (2) a ligand for the integrin LFA1, involved in leukocyte transmigration, and (3) a platelet receptor. Multiple 5' alternatively spliced variants, encoding the same protein, have been identified but their biological validity has not been established. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Function	Seems to play a role in epithelial tight junction formation. Appears early in primordial forms of cell junctions and recruits PARD3. The association of the PARD6-PARD3 complex may prevent the interaction of PARD3 with JAM1, thereby preventing tight junction assembly (By similarity). Plays a role in regulating monocyte transmigration involved in integrity of epithelial barrier. Involved in platelet activation. In case of orthoreovirus infection, serves as receptor for the virus. [UniProt]
Calculated Mw	33 kDa
РТМ	N-glycosylated. [UniProt]

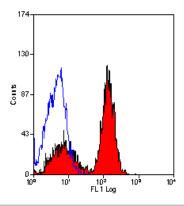
## Images



#### ARG23533 anti-CD321 / JAM1 antibody [H202-106] FACS image

Flow Cytometry: Mouse peripheral blood platelets stained with ARG23533 anti-CD321 / JAM1 antibody [H202-106].

### ARG23533 anti-CD321 / JAM1 antibody [H202-106] FACS image



Flow Cytometry: Mouse peripheral blood platelets stained with ARG23533 anti-CD321 / JAM1 antibody [H202-106].