

Product datasheet

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ARG23426 anti-CD4 antibody [CC8]

Package: 50 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody [CC8] recognizes CD4

Mouse anti Bovine CD4 antibody, clone CC8 recognizes bovine CD4, the homolog of human CD4 and immunoprecipitates a 50 kDa molecule. The phenotype, tissue distribution and function of T-cells expressing the bovine CD4 antigen are similar to those in other species. However, expression on macrophages has not yet been detected. Clone CC8 has been reported as being suitable for use on formalin dichromate (FD5) fixed paraffin embedded tissue with amplification and antigen retrieval

techniques (Eskra et al. 1991).

Tested Reactivity Bov

Tested Application FACS, IHC-Fr, IP

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone CC8
Isotype IgG2a
Target Name CD4

Species Bovine

Immunogen Bovine lymphocytes.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names CD4mut; CD antigen CD4; T-cell surface glycoprotein CD4; T-cell surface antigen T4/Leu-3

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	Neat
	IHC-Fr	Assay-dependent
	IP	Assay-dependent
Application Note	FACS: Use 10 μ l of the suggested working dilution to label 10^6 cells in 100 μ l. * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form	Liquid	
Purification	Purification with Protein A.	
Buffer	PBS and 0.09% Sodium azide.	
Preservative	0.09% Sodium azide	
Concentration	1 mg/ml	

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol CD4

Gene Full Name CD4 molecule

Background CD4 is a membrane glycoprotein of T lymphocytes that interacts with major histocompatibility complex

class II antigenes and is also a receptor for the human immunodeficiency virus. This gene is expressed not only in T lymphocytes, but also in B cells, macrophages, and granulocytes. It is also expressed in specific regions of the brain. The protein functions to initiate or augment the early phase of T-cell activation, and may function as an important mediator of indirect neuronal damage in infectious and immune-mediated diseases of the central nervous system. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified in this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2010]

Function CD4 is an integral membrane glycoprotein that plays an essential role in the immune response and

serves multiple functions in responses against both external and internal offenses. In T-cells, functions primarily as a coreceptor for MHC class II molecule:peptide complex. The antigens presented by class II peptides are derived from extracellular proteins while class I peptides are derived from cytosolic proteins. Interacts simultaneously with the T-cell receptor (TCR) and the MHC class II presented by antigen presenting cells (APCs). In turn, recruits the Src kinase LCK to the vicinity of the TCR-CD3 complex. LCK then initiates different intracellular signaling pathways by phosphorylating various substrates ultimately leading to lymphokine production, motility, adhesion and activation of T-helper cells. In other cells such as macrophages or NK cells, plays a role in differentiation/activation, cytokine expression and cell migration in a TCR/LCK-independent pathway. Participates in the development of T-helper cells in the thymus and triggers the differentiation of monocytes into functional mature

macrophages. [UniProt]

Highlight Related products:

CD4 antibodies; CD4 ELISA Kits; CD4 Duos / Panels; Anti-Mouse IgG secondary antibodies;

Related news:

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Tumor-Infiltrating Lymphocytes (TILs)

Research Area Developmental Biology antibody; Immune System antibody; Regulatory T cells Study antibody; T-cell

infiltration Study antibody; Tumor-infiltrating Lymphocyte Study antibody

Calculated Mw 51 kDa

PTM Palmitoylation and association with LCK contribute to the enrichment of CD4 in lipid rafts. [UniProt]