

Product datasheet

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ARG23323 anti-CD130 / gp130 antibody [B-P8] (azide free)

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Azide free Mouse Monoclonal antibody [B-P8] recognizes CD130 / gp130

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application FACS, FuncSt, IP

Specificity This antibody recognizes the Gp130, common subunit for IL-6, IL-11, OSM, LIF, CNTF, CT-1 receptors, a

130-140 kDa protein.

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone B-P8

Isotype IgG1

Target Name CD130 / gp130

Species Human

Immunogen Natural soluble gp130

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names CDw130; CD130; CDW130; Interleukin-6 signal transducer; CD antigen CD130; IL-6RB; Membrane

glycoprotein 130; GP130; Oncostatin-M receptor subunit alpha; IL-6R subunit beta; Interleukin-6

receptor subunit beta; gp130; IL-6 receptor subunit beta; IL-6R-beta

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	Assay-dependent
	FuncSt	Assay-dependent
	IP	Assay-dependent
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Note Sterile-filtered through 0.22 μm.

Buffer PBS

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol IL6ST

Gene Full Name interleukin 6 signal transducer

Background The protein encoded by this gene is a signal transducer shared by many cytokines, including interleukin

6 (IL6), ciliary neurotrophic factor (CNTF), leukemia inhibitory factor (LIF), and oncostatin M (OSM). This protein functions as a part of the cytokine receptor complex. The activation of this protein is dependent upon the binding of cytokines to their receptors. vIL6, a protein related to IL6 and encoded by the Kaposi sarcoma-associated herpesvirus, can bypass the interleukin 6 receptor (IL6R) and directly activate this protein. Knockout studies in mice suggest that this gene plays a critical role in regulating myocyte apoptosis. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described. A related pseudogene

has been identified on chromosome 17. [provided by RefSeq, May 2014]

Function Signal-transducing molecule. The receptor systems for IL6, LIF, OSM, CNTF, IL11, CTF1 and BSF3 can

utilize gp130 for initiating signal transmission. Binds to IL6/IL6R (alpha chain) complex, resulting in the formation of high-affinity IL6 binding sites, and transduces the signal. Does not bind IL6. May have a role in embryonic development (By similarity). The type I OSM receptor is capable of transducing OSM-

specific signaling events. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 104 kDa

PTM Phosphorylation of Ser-782 down-regulates cell surface expression.

Heavily N-glycosylated (PubMed:11098061, PubMed:16335952, PubMed:19159218,

PubMed:19139490, PubMed:11251120). Glycosylation is required for protein stability and localization

in plasma membrane but not for ligand binding (PubMed:19915009). [UniProt]