

Product datasheet

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ARG22940 anti-CD14 antibody [TÜK4] (low endotoxin)

Package: 250 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Azide free and low endotoxin Mouse Monoclonal antibody [TÜK4] recognizes CD14

Mouse anti human CD14 antibody, clone TÜK4 recognizes the human CD14 cell surface antigen. CD14 is a 55 KDa glycoprotein that contains multiple leucin-rich repeats. It is anchored to the cell membrane via a glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) linkage (Simmons et al. 1989) but a soluble form of CD14 also exists (Bazil et al. 1986).CD14 is strongly expressed on the surface of monocytes and macrophages but has also been shown to be expressed on the surface of non-myeloid cells (Jersmann 2005). CD14 functions as a pattern recognition receptor (Pugin et al. 1994, Dziarski et al. 1998) in innate immunity for a variety of ligands, in particular for the LPS (endotoxin) of Gram-negative bacteria. Mouse anti human CD14 antibody, clone TÜK4 has been shown to block SDF-induced chemotaxis of U937 cells in a dose âD2dependent manner (Yang et al. 2003). Arigo recommend the use of the anti-human CD14 antibody,

Low Endotoxin format for this purpose.

Tested Reactivity Hu, Bov, Cat, Dog, Goat, Pig, Rb, Sheep

Tested Application ELISA, FACS, FuncSt, WB

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone TÜK4

Isotype IgG2a

Target Name CD14

Species Human

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names CD antigen CD14; Myeloid cell-specific leucine-rich glycoprotein; Monocyte differentiation antigen

CD14

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ELISA	Assay-dependent
	FACS	Neat - 1:10
	FuncSt	Assay-dependent
	WB	Assay-dependent
Application Note	FACS: Use 5ul of the suggested working dilution to label 10^6 cells or 100 μ l whole blood. * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Purification with Protein A.

Purification Note Low endotoxin

Buffer PBS

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated

freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol CD14

Gene Full Name CD14 molecule

Background The protein encoded by this gene is a surface antigen that is preferentially expressed on

monocytes/macrophages. It cooperates with other proteins to mediate the innate immune response to bacterial lipopolysaccharide. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding the

same protein. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2010]

Function In concert with LBP, binds to monomeric lipopolysaccharide and delivers it to the MD-2/TLR4 complex,

thereby mediating the innate immune response to bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS). Acts via MyD88, TIRAP and TRAF6, leading to NF-kappa-B activation, cytokine secretion and the inflammatory response.

Up-regulates cell surface molecules, including adhesion molecules. [UniProt]

Highlight Related products:

CD14 antibodies; CD14 ELISA Kits; CD14 Duos / Panels; Anti-Mouse IgG secondary antibodies;

Research Area Developmental Biology antibody; Immune System antibody; General Lymphocyte Marker Study

antibody; Macrophages and neutrophils antibody

Calculated Mw 40 kDa

PTM N- and O- glycosylated. O-glycosylated with a core 1 or possibly core 8 glycan.