

ARG22414 anti-IL8 antibody

Package: 50 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary	
Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes IL8 This antibody recognizes ovine interleukin-8, also known asIL-8, C-X-C motif chemokine 8 or Chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 8. Interleukin-8 is a 79 amino acid ~11kDa secreted cytokine chemotactic for neutrophils, basophils and T-cells but not monocytes.No cross-reactivity is seen with ovine IL-1 beta, IL-6, MCP or TNF alpha.
Tested Reactivity	Sheep
Predict Reactivity	Bov, Goat
Tested Application	ELISA
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	lgG
Target Name	IL8
Species	Sheep
Immunogen	Recombinant ovine IL-8.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	IL8/NAP1 form IV; GCP/IL-8 protein IV; NAF; T-cell chemotactic factor; 1-77; Ala-IL-8; Interleukin-8; IL-8; Neutrophil-activating protein 1; GCP/IL-8 protein II; IL8/NAP1 form II; GCP/IL-8 protein V; MDNCF; Protein 3-10C; Lymphocyte-derived neutrophil-activating factor; Neutrophil-activating factor; Granulocyte chemotactic protein 1; LYNAP; NAP-1; Monocyte-derived neutrophil chemotactic factor; 6-77; 7-77; C-X-C motif chemokine 8; GCP1; NAP1; Ser-IL-8; 5-77; GCP/IL-8 protein VI; IL8/NAP1 form I; IL8/NAP1 form VI; Monocyte-derived neutrophil-activating peptide; C-X-C motif; 8-77; 9-77; LUCT; Chemokine; GCP-1; MDNCF-b; MDNCF-c; IL8/NAP1 form V; LECT; IL8/NAP1 form III; GCP/IL-8 protein III;

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ELISA	1:500
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recomm should be determined by the sci	ended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations entist.

Properties

Form	Liquid
Buffer	Serum and 0.1% Sodium azide.
Preservative	0.1% Sodium azide
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated

freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note

For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol	CXCL8
Gene Full Name	C-X-C motif chemokine ligand 8
Background	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the CXC chemokine family. This chemokine is one of the major mediators of the inflammatory response. This chemokine is secreted by several cell types. It functions as a chemoattractant, and is also a potent angiogenic factor. This gene is believed to play a role in the pathogenesis of bronchiolitis, a common respiratory tract disease caused by viral infection. This gene and other ten members of the CXC chemokine gene family form a chemokine gene cluster in a region mapped to chromosome 4q. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Function	IL-8 is a chemotactic factor that attracts neutrophils, basophils, and T-cells, but not monocytes. It is also involved in neutrophil activation. It is released from several cell types in response to an inflammatory stimulus. IL-8(6-77) has a 5-10-fold higher activity on neutrophil activation, IL-8(5-77) has increased activity on neutrophil activation and IL-8(7-77) has a higher affinity to receptors CXCR1 and CXCR2 as compared to IL-8(1-77), respectively. [UniProt]
Highlight	Related products: IL8 antibodies; IL8 ELISA Kits; IL8 Duos / Panels; IL8 recombinant proteins; Anti-Rabbit IgG secondary antibodies; Related news: HMGB1 in inflammation Inflammatory Cytokines
Calculated Mw	11 kDa
РТМ	Several N-terminal processed forms are produced by proteolytic cleavage after secretion from at least peripheral blood monocytes, leukcocytes and endothelial cells. In general, IL-8(1-77) is referred to as interleukin-8. IL-8(6-77) is the most promiment form. Citrullination at Arg-27 prevents proteolysis, and dampens tissue inflammation, it also enhances leukocytosis, possibly through impaired chemokine clearance from the blood circulation.