

ARG22413 anti-Histone H4 (Acetylated) antibody

Package: 50 µl
Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes Histone H4 (Acetylated)
Tested Reactivity	Hu, Ms, Arabi, Dm, Yeast, Zfsh
Predict Reactivity	Amph, Mamm, Plnt
Tested Application	ChIP, ELISA, ICC/IF, IP, WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	Histone H4
Species	Human
Immunogen	KLH-conjugated peptide acetylated at lysines 5,8,12,16: SGRGAcKGGAcKGLGAcKGGAAcKRHYC.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	H4/o

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ChIP	Assay-dependent
	ELISA	1:400
	ICC/IF	1:200
	IP	Assay-dependent
	WB	1:800

Application Note * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.

Properties

Form	Liquid
Buffer	Serum and 0.02% Sodium azide.
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol	HIST2H4B
Gene Full Name	histone cluster 2 H4 family member b
Background	<p>Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. This structure consists of approximately 146 bp of DNA wrapped around a nucleosome, an octamer composed of pairs of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4). The chromatin fiber is further compacted through the interaction of a linker histone, H1, with the DNA between the nucleosomes to form higher order chromatin structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a replication-dependent histone that is a member of the histone H4 family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails; instead, they contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in a histone cluster on chromosome 1. This gene is one of four histone genes in the cluster that are duplicated; this record represents the telomeric copy. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2015]</p>
Function	<p>Core component of nucleosome. Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA into chromatin, limiting DNA accessibility to the cellular machineries which require DNA as a template. Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability. DNA accessibility is regulated via a complex set of post-translational modifications of histones, also called histone code, and nucleosome remodeling.</p>
Calculated Mw	11 kDa