

Product datasheet

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ARG22411 anti-Leumorphin antibody

Package: 50 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Clonality

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes Leumorphin

Polyclonal

This antibody recognizes rat leumorphin, also known as dynorphin B29. Leumorphin is a 28 amino acid opioid peptide resulting from cleavage of proenkephalin-B. Leumorphin positive cells are found in the paraventricular, supraoptic nucleus and fibres in the lateral hypothalamus of colchicine treated rat brain (Neal & Newman 1989). Leumorphin has been reported to exert anti-apoptotic effects in rat PC12 pheochromocytoma cells (Lee et al. 2005). Rabbit anti leumorphin has been used successfully to detect leumorphin in murine brain using immunohistochemistry on cryostat sections.(Zhang et al. 2005).

Tested Reactivity Ms, Rat **Tested Application** IHC-Fr

Host Rabbit

Isotype IgG

Leumorphin **Target Name**

Species Rat

Immunogen Leumorphin: Arg-Ser-Gln-Glu-Asn-Pro-Asn-Thr-Tyr-Ser-Glu-Asp-Leu-Asp-Val (rat 14-28)

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names Big Dyn; 1-8; Dynorphin B-29; Dynorphin B; ADCA; SCA23; Preprodynorphin; PENKB; Dyn-A17; 1-17;

Proenkephalin-B; Dynorphin A; 1-13; Beta-neoendorphin-dynorphin; Dyn-B

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	IHC-Fr	1:100 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Purification

Form Liquid

Serum Buffer PBS, 0.09% Sodium azide and 1% BSA.

Preservative 0.09% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 1% BSA

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

> and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol Pdyn

Gene Full Name prodynorphin

Background The protein encoded by this gene is a preproprotein that is proteolytically processed to form the

secreted opioid peptides beta-neoendorphin, dynorphin, leu-enkephalin, rimorphin, and leumorphin. These peptides are ligands for the kappa-type of opioid receptor. Dynorphin is involved in modulating responses to several psychoactive substances, including cocaine. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul

2010]

Function Leu-enkephalins compete with and mimic the effects of opiate drugs. They play a role in a number of

physiologic functions, including pain perception and responses to stress (By similarity).

Dynorphin peptides differentially regulate the kappa opioid receptor. Dynorphin A(1-13) has a typical

opiod activity, it is 700 times more potent than Leu-enkephalin (By similarity).

Leumorphin has a typical opiod activity and may have anti-apoptotic effect. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 28 kDa

PTM The N-terminal domain contains 6 conserved cysteines thought to be involved in disulfide bonding

and/or processing.