

ARG20055 anti-Bid antibody

Package: 50 µg, 25 µg
Store at: -20°C

Summary

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Product Description | Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes Bid |
| Tested Reactivity | Hu |
| Tested Application | IHC, IP, WB |
| Specificity | The antibody detects 22 kDa Human Bid. |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Isotype | IgG |
| Target Name | Bid |
| Species | Human |
| Immunogen | Synthetic peptide surrounding aa. 37 of Human Bid. |
| Conjugation | Un-conjugated |
| Alternate Names | p22 BID; BID; p15 BID; p11 BID; BH3-interacting domain death agonist; p13 BID; FP497 |

Application Instructions

| Application table | Application | Dilution |
|-------------------|--|-------------|
| | IHC | 20-40 µg/ml |
| | IP | 5-10 µg/ml |
| | WB | 0.5-4 µg/ml |
| Application Note | * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist. | |

Properties

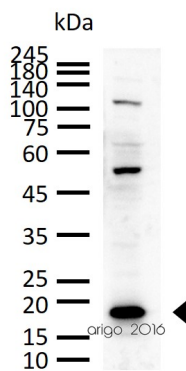
| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Form | Liquid |
| Purification | Affinity Purified Antibody |
| Buffer | PBS (pH 7.2), 30% Glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.01% Thimerosal |
| Preservative | 0.01% Thimerosal |
| Stabilizer | 30% Glycerol, 0.5% BSA |
| Concentration | 0.5 mg/ml |
| Storage instruction | For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use. |

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Database links | GeneID: 637 Human Swiss-port # P55957 Human |
| Background | Bid, a BH3 domain-containing proapoptotic Bcl-2 family member, is localized in the cytosolic fraction of cells as an inactive precursor. Its active form is generated upon proteolytic cleavage by caspase-8 in the Fas signaling pathway. Cleaved Bid translocates to mitochondria and releases its potent proapoptotic activity, which in turn induces cytochrome c release and mitochondrial damage. The cytochrome c releasing activity of Bid was antagonized by Bcl-2. Mutation in the SH3 domain can diminish the cytochrome c releasing activity. In the animal model studies, Bid-deficient mice are found resistant to the lethal effects of death factor signals relayed through Fas. |
| Highlight | Related Antibody Duos and Panels: ARG30269 Apoptosis Marker Antibody Duo (Bcl2, Bid) Related products: Bid antibodies ; Bid Duos / Panels ; Anti-Rabbit IgG secondary antibodies ; |
| Research Area | Cancer antibody; Cell Biology and Cellular Response antibody; Cell Death antibody; Metabolism antibody; Apoptosis Marker antibody; Pro-apoptotic Bcl2 protein antibody |
| Calculated Mw | 22 kDa |
| PTM | TNF-alpha induces a caspase-mediated cleavage of p22 BID into a major p15 and minor p13 and p11 products. p15 BID is ubiquitinated by ITCH; ubiquitination results in proteasome-dependent degradation. |

Images



ARG20055 anti-Bid antibody WB image

Western blot: 30 µg of Jurkat cell lysate stained with ARG20055 anti-Bid antibody at 1:500 dilution.